

UNDER FIRE.

PROGRESS OF THE BRITISH BOMBARDMENT.

Heavy Fire Only Brought to a Close by Darkness and the Return of the British Bombs. The Egyptian Forces Destroyed—Nine Killed and Wounded on the Fleet.

LONDON, July 11, 6 a. m.—The correspondent of Reuters telegraph company on board the Bittern telegraphs as follows: "Alexandria, 7 a. m.—The bombardment has commenced." The correspondent of the Standard on board the Invincible telegraphs as follows: "Alexandria, 11th, 7:40 a. m.—The Alexandria, the Sultan and the Superb opened fire upon the fortifications. The batteries at once replied, but their shots at first fell short of the ships. The rest of the fleet then joined in, and the action became general. After twenty minutes cannonade two of the forts ceased firing. The ships, as far as can be perceived, have not suffered any damage. The Standard's correspondent on the Invincible telegraphs as follows: "Alexandria, July 11, 9:10 a. m.—The attack on the fort has now been kept up two hours. The smoke hangs over the city along the line of the shore batteries and among the ships and it is difficult to see what damage has been done. It is certain, however, that the enemy has suffered very heavily. Fort Mansel Kanat has been blown up by fire from our batteries. The forts are gradually being silenced. The top of the tower of Fort Pharos has been carried away, and many guns have been dismounted on that and other forts. The flag of the Geneva red cross is flying over the hospital in the city. The Dutch Groen flag is hoisted over their respective consulates. At the beginning of the bombardment immense excitement was visible. Crowds of people were seen wending their way towards the palace. The streets are now deserted, the people having fled or taken refuge in the cellars. There are no signs of a surrender so far." A telegram from the Eastern Telegraph company's steamer, Chilian, sent at 11:15 this morning says: "The bombardment still continues. The forts are gradually being silenced. The Ras El Til forts are suffering severely from the heavy and disastrous fire of the ships Alexandria, Superb and Temeraire."

A dispatch to the Lloyd's from Port Said states that the British fleet there, by order of Admiral Seymour, has stopped the ships entering the Suez canal. Admiral Seymour telegraphs as follows: "The ships opened fire at 7 o'clock this morning. The return fire from the forts was weak and ineffective. The explosion in Fort Mansel Kanat had occurred by 8 o'clock. The ships engaged are the Invincible, the Temeraire, the Penelope, the Superb, the Sultan, the Inflexible, the Alexandria and the Monarch. At 1 p. m. a dispatch was received from Alexandria which says that the magazine at Fort Adha has been blown up. A private telegram from Port Said states that the French consul has ordered the embarkation of French troops. The occupation of Port Said is expected to take place to-day. At 3:30 p. m., an Alexandria dispatch to the Central News says: 'The fire of the fleet commands the railway to Cairo. Up to now four forts in all were silenced. No casualties to the fleet are discernible. At 6:50 p. m., the action was finished for the day. The casualties on the English side amount to forty wounded and nine killed. Shortly after upon all the exposed guns on the forts were dismantled, and only those in sheltered positions were able to return the British fire. Fort Marsa Elkanat, which was blown up, was only completed a week ago on Sunday last. Monarch battery had Pharos fort been silenced by the guns of the Temeraire and the Inflexible. The report that forty British were wounded is confirmed. The Egyptian loss at present is unknown but is likely to be severe. Part of the Razzila palace is in ruins and the lighthouse is slightly damaged. Admiral Seymour recommenced the attack on Fort Gulari and the harbor forts in the morning. The small effect of the eighty-ton mortar shells on the earthworks caused some disappointment on the fleet. The Invincible had four men wounded. The Inflexible was hit five times."

Several of the earthworks behind which the guns were mounted were found to be mere heaps of sand. One shot went clear through the Inflexible. By special permission of Admiral Seymour, the Bittern was allowed to take this dispatch out to the telegraph ship, Chilian, from whence it was cabled to the New York associated press. In the house of lords this afternoon, Lord Granville said the bombardment of Alexandria does not constitute a declaration of war against the Egyptian government. The ironclads Superb, Sultan and Alexandria engaged and totally destroyed Fort Pharos and the lighthouse batteries, which, at the entrance to the new port, were intended to terminate the approach to the inner harbor. The flagships Invincible, Monarch and Penelope took up commanding positions in the tide reefs, and assisted from the outside by the Temeraire, attacked with destructive effect the strong position of Fort Chian. The light house and shore batteries. The Inflexible was stationed so as to command the light house batteries, Fort Pharos and Fort Mex at the same time, and thus he in a position to attack the fleet with the division outside, and that inside the reefs. The gun vessels Bittern, Condor, Beacon, Decoy and Comet, attacked the Marabout batteries at the entrance of the harbor, and taking a close, destructive range silenced them, after which they ran in and shelled Fort Mex on the southern side of the entrance to the anchorage or the outer harbor. The Invincible, under cover of her own guns and those of the Bittern, then landed a party of blue jackets and marines, who entered Fort Mex and blew up the heavy guns. The bombardment practically ceased at noon, though some heavy guns on the shore were still shelling Fort Napoleon and the large works situated at the southern angle of the inner harbor and dominating the town. The fort does not reply. On the whole the Egyptians fought their batteries with more determination than had been expected."

AFTER THE BATTLE. LONDON, July 11.—The porte has telegraphed to Lascius Pasha, Turkish ambassador at London, the following: "The porte has learned that Admiral Seymour has opened fire. It is superfluous to detail upon the extreme gravity of this fact. In view of the urgency of this matter, the porte confines itself to repeating, you without a moment's loss of time, to make a pressing representation to Lord Granville to issue orders to cease firing immediately, in order to avert still greater misfortunes." In the house of commons this evening Campbell-Bannerman, financial secretary of the war office, read the following telegram: Alexandria, July 11, 7:50 p. m.—The total number of killed is 5, and wounded 27, distributed as follows: Killed on the Alexandria, 1; the Superb, 11; the Sultan, 2, and the Inflexible, 1. Wounded on the Alexan-

dria, 3; the Superb, 1; the Sultan, 7; the Inflexible, 6; the Inflexible, 2, and the Penelope, 8. Twelve officers and men landed from the Inflexible under cover of the fire of the Condor and Bittern, and destroyed with dynamite the heavy guns of Fort Mex.

A VIEW OF THE BATTLE. Special Dispatch to the Constitution. LONDON, July 11, 6:30 a. m.—A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from its correspondent on board the United States steamer Quinnebang, says the Egyptians fought splendidly, and the ships behaved magnificently. The Quinnebang was anchored, only five cables on the port beam of the Temeraire, and had a fine view of the contest. The shells from the forts frequently fell quite close to her.

INCIDENTS AND OPINIONS. LONDON, July 11.—The Turkish minister at Port Said, officially informed Mr. Defreyne, that Turkey will not send troops to Egypt. The agent of the Suez canal telegraphs M. DeLesseps that he had written the several commanders protesting against the action of the British consul at Port Said in preventing vessels from entering the canal, as a violation of its neutrality, and declaring that the company will hold the British government responsible. The whole staff of the canal remain at their posts. Count DeLesseps will leave for Egypt to-morrow. A dispatch from Vienna says it is admitted in government circles that England is perfectly justified in her vigorous action against Arabi Pasha's attitude of provocation, and so long as England pursues this line of conduct, she will meet with no opposition from the powers. A dispatch from Alexandria reports that the Egyptian ministers were not aware yesterday of Admiral Seymour's ultimatum, because it was intercepted by Arabi Pasha. Lord Dufferin, the British ambassador, notified the porte on Monday of Admiral Seymour's intention to bombard the Alexandria forts, if Arabi Pasha remained obdurate. The porte, on the same evening, telegraphed to the British ambassador at London, that such an act would constitute a grave infringement of the sovereign rights of the sultan and it expected the British government to order Admiral Seymour to abstain.

In the house of commons this afternoon, Mr. Childers, secretary of war, replying to Mr. Stanley, said that he did not expect that the military preparations would cause the ordinary expenditures to be exceeded, though, of course, if active operations were proceeded with, a vote of credit would be necessary. Said Pasha, formerly prime minister, has been re-appointed to that office in succession to Abdurrahman Pasha.

SIR HERBERT MACPHERSON. Sir Herbert MacPherson, who has been assigned to command the Indian contingent ordered for service in Egypt, is a dashing Scotch officer who entered the service young, joining the Indian staff corps. He was made major in 1872, and was promoted to lieutenant-colonel in 1878. He was made major-general in 1881, and was the principal subordinate officer in the second campaign, sharing the honors won by Sir Frederick Roberts, the Alexandria campaign. He has been a quarter century of service in the east, and in addition to the thorough knowledge of all the characteristics of the oriental troops, both Sepoy and Mahratta, he possesses the confidence of the officers in a superior degree, and is in all respects a popular commander.

A PLEA FOR THE EGYPTIANS.

The Late American Consul-General to Egypt Gives His Opinion on Current Affairs. WASHINGTON, July 8.—Mr. Simon Wolf, late Consul-General to Egypt, explains the Egyptian situation in a lecture given at the Egyptian Club, last evening. After classifying the adherents of the two political parties in Egypt, Mr. Wolf says, in reference to the Europeans in Egypt: "They are, speaking generally, violent opponents of the Egyptian party, and are generally without exception, speculators in Egyptian stocks, and they complain of the revolution as having caused them financial losses. The English have for the last seven years calculated on Egypt as their political ally, and have undisguisedly disappointed at a movement which seems to put off their day of possession. The Italians are divided, many of them siding with the nationalists, partly out of jealousy of France and England and partly from an honorable love of liberty. The poorer Italians, like the Maltese, have mostly learned Arabic and sympathize with the people. The Americans, Belgians and Swiss, an inconsiderable colony, have from the first accepted the national movement as genuine and given it their support. The sentiment among the educated natives is most hostile against the English and French officials on account of their supreme selfishness and overweening egotism. They aggregate everything into a mass of nationalizing and to the very people who pay them their salaries. The consular-general receive \$15,000 a year."

ARABI BEY'S CHARACTER. Arabi Bey, with whom I was on most intimate terms, is, in my opinion, an honest, and certainly, from an Egyptian standpoint, a highly educated and intelligent man. He fully appreciates the position he is in; he has calculated the cost and will not shrink from the responsibility. He knows all about the United States, its history and struggles, and told me repeatedly that his desire was to have a constitutional form of government. When I presented him with a copy of the biography of Garfield in French, he once said he would have it translated into Arabic, so that the youth of Egypt could profit by it. At my suggestion he ordered the translation of the constitution of the United States into Arabic. Arabi is no fanatic, but is a patriot, and thus resorts to many expedients and devices not exactly in consonance with the views of foreigners who have neither love nor sympathy for him or his country. He is a man of great courage, honest, frugal and temperate, thoroughly devoted, and in no manner more fanatic or prejudiced than the Jew or the Christian. The danger of massacre to the Jew or the Christian does not arise from the position of Arabi, but rather from the cupidity and so-called diplomacy of the great powers.

THE SELFISHNESS OF EUROPE. Egypt and the whole of Europe could be at peace, the thoroughfare and canal undisturbed, were England or France actuated by disinterested motives. All Egypt needs and should have is a guaranteed neutrality like Belgium or Switzerland. Freed from the yoke of Turkey and independent like Rumania, Servia or Bosnia, she could enter into a career of prosperity rivaling that of any country on earth. England, if honest, would achieve all she needs, the Suez canal would be a source of wealth and the Egyptian people be born of one-half of its menacing danger. The bondholders, whose clamor for their pound of flesh in London and Paris is most audibly heard on the banks of the Nile, would be fully and amply secured for the revenue of Egypt is £1,000,000 each year over and above its expenses, and in a very limited time the debt could be entirely paid off. Therefore what Egypt needs is neutrality guaranteed by all the powers, independence of Turkey, economy in its civil service, abolition of its army—except for police purposes—and last but by no means least, common schools in which the modern languages would be taught and spoken. Mr. Wolf says the khedive means well, but lacks force, and that he had possessed a title of the genius of Mehmet Ali or the pluck and audacity of his father, he might have thrown off the shackles with which England and France had bound him, and placing himself at the head of his people, have achieved independence for the country. Mr. Wolf thinks no case exists or has existed for Americans to leave Egypt, for the natives believed they had American sympathy and appreciated it.

BARRIOS.

THE PRESIDENT OF GUATEMALA IN NEW ORLEANS.

His Entertainment at the Spanish Fort—His Departure for Washington—The Object of His Visit—A Crooked Boundary and a Projected Central American Confederation.

NEW ORLEANS, July 11.—General Barrios and party visited the custom house this morning, and at noon were formally received at the city hall by Mayor Shakespeare, and tendered the hospitalities of the city. In reply to the mayor's address of welcome, after thanking his honor for the hospitable reception, President Barrios said he had long desired to visit this great republic, and now, for the first time, found himself able to enjoy the privileges. He said that while here "I will take every opportunity to observe and learn your admirable institutions and your great works of progress and civilization, and to profit by them for the benefit of my own people, and as far as possible to encourage commercial relations with your city." President Barrios and party attended a banquet at the Spanish fort this evening, tendered by the citizens of New Orleans. Federal, state and city officials are present, also the foreign consuls and many prominent citizens, the governor's staff and prominent military officers. The visitors leave to-morrow for Washington in a special car by the Louisville and Nashville railroad for New York direct.

THE OBJECT OF BARRIOS'S VISIT. WASHINGTON, July 11.—The arrival at New Orleans of General Barrios, president of the Republic of Guatemala, on his way to Washington, excites some comment in diplomatic circles, and in this city, particularly among the representatives of Mexico and the Central American states. In his message to the Guatemalan congress, the 24th of April, General Barrios said he would not leave his country until there should be a definite settlement of the disputed question of the boundary between Guatemala and Mexico. On the 23d of May, however, Senor Montuvar, the Guatemalan minister in Washington, notified Secretary Frelinghuysen of General Barrios's intention to pay an official visit to the president of the United States, and that he would not leave his country until there should be a definite settlement of the disputed question of the boundary between Guatemala and Mexico. On the 23d of May, however, Senor Montuvar, the Guatemalan minister in Washington, notified Secretary Frelinghuysen of General Barrios's intention to pay an official visit to the president of the United States, and that he would not leave his country until there should be a definite settlement of the disputed question of the boundary between Guatemala and Mexico.

ABOUT GUATEMALA.

Special Dispatch to the Constitution. NEW ORLEANS, July 11.—Just at present the eyes of the people are directed towards the narrow strip of land bounded by two oceans and running from the Gulf of Mexico to Panama, a distance of some 1,700 miles. Ship canals, ship railways and railroads are subjects that command attention from capitalists, merchants, engineers and national bodies, and it is scarcely possible that the great national resources of this tropical part of the American continent can fail to be recognized in the course of the several canal and railroad investigations; and if so, it will be equivalent to adding this central, rich and beautiful territory to the list of attractive fields for the investment of capital, the opening of commerce and the flow of immigration. This territory has been for fifty years almost at a standstill, commercially, whereas geographically it lies between the great oceans, and is full of overlying with tropical resources. Under Spanish rule the country held a large place and an important position in the list of Spanish-American colonies, and in the hands of the Spaniards a large amount of capital and intelligence from the country at the period when the independence of the country was established. The native population has since moved slowly in the scales of progressive civilization, or in the development of resources beyond a production sufficient for home consumption. There is now, however, a new spirit manifested in Central America, and bids fair to result in a full recognition of that country as a prominent integral element in the family of nations, and there is now a man at the head of the government of Guatemala possessing great energy and progressive characteristics—General President Barrios.

GENERAL BARRIOS.

or, as he signs himself, "J. Rufino Barrios, constitutional president of Guatemala and general of division," is a man of mark in Central America, and would have been in any land under the sun. Forty years of age and a pure native Indian, he has been for ten years the head of the government of Guatemala, and has been an incompetent ruler, which he has been at all times, for the good of the republic. Until in March last he was simply dictator. "General of Division" he loved to be called, and the people would not heed their dictator, but would not allow him to get weary in the public service, and, despite his efforts to escape from the arduous duties of a live president, he was compelled by the unanimous voice of the army to continue in office. He is a small, slight, wiry, pleasant gentleman, with a bright eye, an ever present smile of good humor about it; a quick, mobile mouth, rarely closed; extremely accessible to all people, and in the most agreeable and personally as brave as Julius Caesar; can talk straight out if he likes; is not a little of a diplomat; is thoroughly known to all his people, and as thoroughly confided in by them, especially by the Indian element. To them he is greater than the pope—he is the real father. He is a prime mover in the proposed National exposition. He is a reformer, and as such deserves the respect and consideration of all countries. He seems to have perfected and established the liberal and enlightened policy so well begun by his worthy predecessors, like Morazan and Barrios, and has cut out a path for the future. He is a friend of schools, colleges, hospitals, orphan asylums and public education, and a fosterer of national industrial institutions. He is a man of great energy and progressive characteristics. He is especially friendly to what are called in his country "North Americans," and recognizes them as ultimately to hold with his people the closest and most important commercial and social relations. He wants railroads, and wants American capitalists to build them; he wants reciprocal treaties with the United States, and will urge their adoption promptly.

THE SPLIT DEMOCRACY.

The State Credit Democrats of Tennessee Carrying Nashville, July 11.—The state convention of the state credit democrats was organized to-day by the selection of General B. F. Cheatham as permanent chairman. After the appointment of various committees the convention adjourned until 9 p. m. to receive the report of the committee on platform and resolutions, and to nominate a candidate for governor. Special Dispatch to the Constitution. The convention unanimously adopted a platform and placed upon it J. H. Tresselt as its candidate for governor.

THE SUNDAY CIVIL BILL.

An Effort to be Made to Take Up the Contested Election Cases.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—In the senate Mr. Morrill, from the finance committee, reported favorably the senate bill repealing so much of section 3,385 of the revised statutes as imposes a charge upon export stamps on tobacco. Placed on the calendar. A large number of amendments decreasing or wholly omitting the tax were introduced. Consideration of amendments increasing sundry items occupied the remainder of the day. They were almost invariably successful, and the proportions of the bill were gradually swollen. Finally Mr. Vest, in opposing an increase of \$50,000 for the Cumberland sound in Georgia and Florida, appealed to the instincts of self preservation of the senators generally to prevent the leading down of the bill which would extend to make its defeat inevitable. Mr. Van Wyck replied that the commerce committee had loaded down the bill before they reported it, and this loading down had been for the benefit of the bill. The bill was then indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Vest further protested against endangering the material objects of the measures, and the Missouri river river improvement scheme, by butchering it with innumerable smaller expenditures. Mr. Butler, in moving an adjournment, said the fact seemed to be apparent that the senate did not expect to pass the bill before the adjournment in August. The motion was voted down. Debate upon the pending amendment then proceeded under the five minute rule, and subsequently continued upon motion of Mr. Vest, until 10 o'clock, when the bill was made to afford the Florida senators an opportunity for further remarks. A controversy then arose as to an alleged understanding which some senators asserted had been had, that the five minutes rule was to be applied to the bill, and that the bill was to be settled the question of the official stenographer's notes referred to were read and accepted without question as to their accuracy, and as a settlement of the controversy. The increase for the Cumberland sound improvement was then rejected. After disposing of various additional amendments, the bill was referred to the senate from the committee on the whole, and separate votes were requested upon some of the amendments. Mr. Ingalls thought the changes had been so numerous that no member could tell the exact status or total of the bill. He would, therefore, ask that all amendments be reported to the senate separately. He denounced the measure as an annual sham, scandal and disgrace of American legislation.

Mr. McMillan.—Upon that is a difference of opinion. Mr. Ingalls (contemptuously).—None whatever. Mr. McMillan.—Then stated that the present amount of the bill was \$20,247,575, and the total of the items added by the committee of the whole was \$763,090. He insisted upon proceeding with the bill, but at 7:05, without further action, adjournment prevailed, 28 to 26, and the senate adjourned till to-morrow.

THE SUNDAY CIVIL BILL.

Immediately after the adjournment of the journal the house went into committee of the whole (Mr. Kasson, of Iowa, in the chair) on the sundry civil appropriation bill. After completing consideration of sixty-eight out of the 104 pages of the bill the committee rose and the house adjourned. There is a growing sentiment among the members of the house in favor of considering at this session the contested election cases of Smith vs. Tillman, of the fifth district, and Sawyer vs. Caldwell, of the eighth district. The committee on the whole of Alabama, Sergeant-at-Arms Hooker says he can obtain a quorum of republican members in forty-eight hours, and many members on the republican side of the house are of opinion that if this can be done the cases which have been reported by the committee on elections should be disposed of before the final adjournment of the present session. An adjournment of the committee on the whole of the subject of the tariff, which will probably be held to-morrow (Thursday) evening.

The president to-day nominated Edwin Higgins to be collector of customs for the district of Columbia, and Alvin Adams, of the District of Columbia, to be third assistant secretary of state.

THE ROVING COMMISSION.

To Look into the Intricacies of the Tariff in Long Branch and Saratoga.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The tariff commission this morning adopted the following form of report for information, and it was believed that it could be best communicated to the public through the associated press, which is done officially by sanction of the commission: "The tariff commission, appointed to investigate all the various questions relating to the agricultural, commercial, mercantile, manufacturing, mining and industrial interests of the United States, so far as the same may be necessary to the establishment of a judicious tariff of revision, and of the existing tariff, on a scale of justice to all interested, with a view to arranging a full and complete examination of the matters referred to, invites correspondence from all persons who have information, or who desire to express their views on the subject of its inquiry, desiring to furnish information or testimony for its consideration in the discharge of its duties. Communication on the subject may be addressed to Hon. John L. Hawley, president of the commission, at the West End hotel, Long Branch, New Jersey till further notice, and correspondents are requested to mention specifically the subjects on which they desire to be heard, or in relation to which they desire to offer testimony. It is the intention of the commission to arrange the hearing of testimony, with a view to saving time, and persons desiring to be heard will be notified of the time and place at which the commission will hear testimony which they may have to offer."

A TIDAL WAVE.

A Vessel Goes Down With Captain, Officers and Crew. SAN FRANCISCO, July 11.—A terrible hurricane visited the Friendly Islands on April 25th. At Van Van, the bark Don Guillermo, Captain Johnson, went down by her anchor. The captain, officers and seamen were lost with their lives. The vessel was a large schooner, and was accompanied by a tidal wave fifteen feet high, which swept over the island and did terrible damage. All of the native houses and many European houses were carried away, and the coconut trees were snapped off like pipe stems. The islands present a scene of widespread desolation. At Tongata the churches were destroyed, and two thousand houses were leveled. The houses of the natives with their contents and everything near were swept away. The schooner was carried inland, and the German bark Cosilis was foundered.

A SECRET SPRING.

Enables a New Jersey Bank-Jarvis to Help Himself. EARLY NEXT JULY 11.—For the past year the cashier's accounts at the National state bank in this city have been occasionally short in amounts from \$20 to \$400. Suspicion unjustly rested on the minor clerks, who were discharged, but no clue to the missing money could be found. Yesterday the paying teller accidentally discovered an ingenious arrangement attached to the money drawer, whereby George Bennett, the bank janitor, had taken nearly \$2,000. Bennett was arrested and confessed his guilt.

JULY ESTIMATES.

AS TO THE CONDITION OF THE GROWING CROP.

Four Per Cent Increase in the Acreage of Corn—A Heavy Increase in the Gulf States—The Wheat Crop Shows the Highest July Average Ever Known—The Oat Crop.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The July returns of the department of agriculture from all the states and territories of the United States, indicate an increase of area planted in corn, exceeding four per cent, or fully two and a half million acres. In Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, there has been a loss of acreage, but in all the other states of any prominence in corn-growing, there is some increase. In the Gulf states the advance has been heavy in obedience to the interests of self preservation—the usual result of the high price of crops. An immediate extension of its breadth of cultivation was prevented in the Ohio valley only by the excessive rains and temperature that made early planting impossible. The states reporting a decreased area are Maine, one per cent; Ohio, California, Utah, 2; Nevada, 3; Indiana, 3; Illinois, 6; Washington, 9; Rhode Island, New York, and Oregon report the same area as last year; New Hampshire, Pennsylvania and Delaware make one per cent increase; Vermont, New Jersey, Maryland, Wisconsin, Missouri and Colorado, 2; Massachusetts, North Carolina, West Virginia, Michigan and Iowa, 3; New Mexico, 4; Connecticut and Virginia, 7; Louisiana and Tennessee, 6; Mississippi, 7; South Carolina, Florida, Arkansas and Kentucky, 9; Kansas, 12; Nebraska, 12; Georgia and Alabama, 16; Texas, 17; Minnesota, 26; Dakota, 46. Though the percentage of Minnesota seems large, the corn area of that state has until recently been less than that of two counties of Illinois. The condition of corn is marked low from late planting, cold and wet weather and replanting after the floods, but has been improving during June, and is generally in better condition in July, promising a far better condition in August, should the season continue as favorable as at this date. The general average is 55, against 50 in July last year, before the disastrous droughts set in. It is above 100 in all of the southeast states from South Carolina to Texas. In Tennessee and Kentucky and Kansas, Oregon and Nevada it stands at 100; Arkansas at 97; New Hampshire, Connecticut, New Mexico 96; North Carolina, California, Utah 95; Maryland, Virginia, Colorado, 94; Massachusetts, Missouri, West Virginia, 93; Vermont, Dakota, 92; New Jersey, Delaware, Nebraska, Washington, 90; Maine, New York, Michigan, 89; Kentucky, 84; Minnesota, 83; Pennsylvania, 82; Rhode Island, Wisconsin, 80; Indiana, 79; Iowa, 72; Illinois, 68. The state of the largest acreage stands the lowest of all in condition. Upon this area, and the condition a medium yield producing 1,700 million bushels is scarcely possible. With the yield of the product would be exceeded 1,200 million bushels. The range of possibilities covers at least five hundred million bushels, the result dependent upon the meteorological condition of the succeeding eighty days.

THE WHEAT CROP.

The condition of the winter wheat averages higher than at any previous July return, being 104 against 85 last July. In spring wheat the average stands at 100, instead of 90, in 1881. Unless the proportion of wheat to straw be less than usual, or grain be damaged by early threshing, the crop will prove one of the largest ever gathered in this country. The average condition of the principal winter wheat states is as follows: Ohio 101; Kentucky, 104; Michigan, 106; Kansas, 104; Illinois, 105; Missouri, 103; Nebraska, 102; Pennsylvania and the southern states each stands at 100 or above; California at 90; Oregon, 105. The spring wheat states averages are: Wisconsin, 94; Minnesota, 98; Iowa, 102; Nebraska, 105; Dakota, 98; Colorado, 98; Maine, 101; New Hampshire, 100; Vermont, 94. The harvest of the winter wheat on the first of July was completed in the south, and was in active progress in Kentucky, and is commencing north of the Ohio river at this date. It has reached the latitude of 40, and soon will be completed.

IN THE OAT FIELDS.

The condition of the oats is very high, averaging 103; of rye, 101; of barley, 95. The cereals, corn alone excepted, all promise a yield for the acreage above the average.

THE EDUCATIONAL CONVENTION.

Georgia Men Presented as Officers and as Examples. SARATOGA, N. Y., July 11.—The American Institute of Instruction and National Educational Association opened their annual session this morning at Saratoga Springs, N. Y., welcomed by brief addresses by R. J. Milligan, president of the village, and John Foley, president of the board of education, to which responses were made by W. A. Mowry, of New York, president of the Association, and J. H. Orr, of Atlanta, President of National Educational Association. After the appointment of committees, President Mowry gave the annual address, the subject being "What schools will do for the people." He opened by quoting the saying of Colonel Lockett, of Georgia, a well known planter, at the Atlanta exposition last fall, that he had learned some years ago that an intelligent person would pick more cotton and make it better than an ignorant one. Then he proceeded to tell some things that education and educated men had accomplished. John W. Dickinson, secretary of the Massachusetts board of education, read a paper on the limit of oral instruction.

UNSETTLED LABOR.

Illinois Mills Struggling Up Again—The New York Freight Handlers. SOUTH CHICAGO, Ill., July 11.—Everything is quiet at the mills of the Calumet-iron and steel company this morning, although large crowds gathered around the depot awaiting the arrival of the trains. Preparations are being made to start up three of the sixteen furnaces with non-union men. The officers of the company are here, and there is a large force of police on hand. About fifty special policemen have been sworn in. The union men say that they will not make any trouble. NEW YORK, July 11.—The condition of the freight handlers' strike remains about the same as yesterday. The companies declare that they are disposing of freight received almost as fast as formerly, and the new hands rapidly becoming skilled at the work. Shipping was light this morning. Committees from the different German societies are engaged in visiting the different piers, persuading their fellow-countrymen from working against the strikers.

MEXICAN METHODS.

A Fatal Duel—A Battle with Bandits, in which the Latter are Routed. MATAMOROS, July 11.—Captain Alvero and Major Cordoro, officers of the second regiment, fought a duel at San Luis Potosi yesterday. The former was killed on the spot, and the latter died soon after he was removed from the field. Part of the second corps of General Darnes fought the banditti under Manuel Gomez, near Laredo, Lirain July 10. The banditti were routed, and the leaders, and seven other banditti were killed. The rest of the band was then scattered.

WOMEN ON HORSEBACK.

Twenty Miles Covered in Less than Forty-Four Minutes by a 14-Year Old Girl.

Special Dispatch to the World. ROCHESTER, July 8.—At the Rochester Driving Park to-day Miss Myrtle Peck, a fourteen-year-old girl from Michigan, achieved a remarkable feat of horsemanship, riding twenty miles against time to beat forty-five minutes, the fastest heretofore made. Miss Peck made her twenty miles in 43m. 29s. On the 4th of July she won a ten mile race from Miss Pinneo, the Colorado girl rider, when they rode in rain and mud. Miss Peck in her twenty-mile ride to-day had eighteen changes of horses, of which only seven were ridden and one of those only one mile, leaving the others to average more than three miles each. Her best horses were unable to run after Tuesday's race, and the horses used by her were not at all good ones. Sporting men here who saw several of her horses drop from a run into a mere canter after they had been mounted for the third time in the race say that the time made was very remarkable. Her changes were made very quickly, one in the short space of three seconds, and the average time occupied being less than five seconds. The greatest enthusiasm was manifested by those who saw her flying through the air. She is of small figure, but sits gracefully and is extremely expert in the management of her horse.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 11.—At San Jose to-day a ten mile race on horseback between Miss Bell Cook, champion of America, and Miss Ida Rogers, of Santa Clara county, for \$1,000 a side, and an additional \$1,000 from the agricultural society, was won by Miss Cook, by a quarter of a mile in twenty-one minutes. Each used five horses.

The Chautauque Meetings.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., July 11.—The Chautauque meetings were inaugurated yesterday by the opening of the Teachers' Retreat and school for language. The number of students double any previous year at the opening. Rev. Dr. G. H. Vincent made an address, and two grand concerts followed, attended by large audiences. A new and original organ in the amphitheatre was first time. In the afternoon Rev. W. T. Harris delivered a lecture. In the evening there was a reception of the professors and students of the Teachers' Retreat, etc., will continue three weeks, with daily lectures, etc. August 1st the Chautauque Assembly will open its fourth year at Jamestown. A large hotel has been completed and other public buildings erected. The attendance surpasses that of previous years.

Telephone Statistics.

NEW YORK, July 11.—There are in use in the United States alone over 20,000 telephones and transmitters. New York, including Brooklyn, Jersey City and suburbs, has some 4,000 subscribers; Chicago and suburbs, 3,600; Cincinnati, 3,500; Philadelphia, 1,800; Albany, 1,200; Buffalo, 1,100; Baltimore, 1,000; Louisville, 1,000; St. Paul, 900; Lowell, 750; Springfield and Holyoke, 800; Portland, Maine has more subscribers as to population than any other city in the world, having a telephone to every 31 persons; Springfield comes next with one to every 62 persons; Lowell has one in 8; Worcester one in 10; and Boston one in 10. The daily output of the National company is about 400. The principal cities of Europe have exchanges, and its progress has been rapid, as the government telegraph monopoly London has 1,500.

Death of Rev. Henry Giles.

BOSTON, July 11.—Rev. Henry Giles died—aged 76. Henry Giles was born in Wexford, Ireland November 1809. He was educated at the Catholic church, but after various changes of opinion, joined the Unitarians, and officiated as pastor in Greenock for two years, and as a preacher for three years. In 1840 he came to America, where he engaged extensively in lecturing, with occasional services in different churches as a preacher. He has published "Essays and Lectures," two volumes, 1845; "Christian Thoughts on Life," 1850; and "Illustrations of Genesis," 1851. He was a lecturer on "The Bible," and gave a course of lectures on the Lowell Institute in 1878. He was a member of the "Genius and Writings of Shakespeare."

A Brave Stomach His Son to Death.

PETERSBURG, Va., July 11.—The particulars of a horrible murder committed in Brunswick county a few days since have been received here. Isaac Booth, colored, and his wife were involved in a quarrel with a white man, who was killed by a bullet in the head. The murderer has been arrested and lodged in the county jail. Booth is reported to have killed a woman some years ago, and in which he and a number of other prisoners were confined. The order has created much excitement in the neighborhood where it was committed.

A Suit to Set Aside a Will.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE CONSTITUTION. ST. LOUIS, July 11.—Miss Mary Eglinton Barr, only daughter of Rev. Dr. Eglinton Barr, the well known Episcopal clergyman, recently deceased, filed a suit to-day to set aside her father's will, alleging undue influence and mind diseased through intemperance and use of opiates. Her father bequeathed her his property, including a large estate, leaving his daughter a penny. She has brought suit against the executor, ex-Judge Wickham, chancellor of the Episcopal diocese of Missouri.

The Rebellious Convicts.

BOSTON, July 11.—This morning Warden Earle sent all the convicts except about twenty, who are still undergoing special punishment, to the shops, which have been closed for one week. The men were willing and many of them anxious to resume work. Their return to the shops will be followed by a resumption of their customary food, and of the privileges that they have not forfeited. To all appearances the prison is in nearly its normal condition, nor does Warden Earle fear that he will be soon troubled with another attempt to defy his authority.

A Methodist College for Sale.

CINCINNATI, July 11.—Wednesday female college of this city was offered for sale by the sheriff to-day, under foreclosure proceedings. The appraisal is \$103,000. Under the law it could not be sold for less than two-thirds of the appraisal. No bid was received and a new sale will be made. The Methodist, under the lead of Dr. Walden and Bishop Wiley, had made earnest efforts to raise \$100,000, which would have saved the college from being sold, but they only obtained \$25,000, and therefore abandoned the effort.

Suicide of a Murderer.

PHILADELPHIA, July 11.—John Davidson, confined in the county prison, committed suicide by hanging himself. His cell last night. Davidson was guilty of one of the most revolting crimes that has been committed in this city for many years; having, in May last, killed his mother-in-law with a hatchet. The mother was about sixty years of age.

Three Cases of Lockjaw.

NORTH EASTON, Mass., July 11.—August Langren, a Swedish boy ten years old, died last night of lockjaw. Thomas McGrath, aged twelve years, is seriously ill, and John Middleton, aged sixteen years, was wounded, but not seriously. All were wounded in the hand with toy pistols.

Rebellious Relatives.

PARKVILLE, Ky., July 11.—John Rowse yesterday shot and killed his nephew, John Lamb. Rowse and Lamb had quarrelled and the former ordered the latter to leave his premises, when Lamb cocked a rifle which he had in his hand. Rowse perceiving this immediately shot Lamb.

An Old Claim Rejected.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The house committee on judiciary to-day decided to report to the house adversely the Mormon war claims, which have been pending before congress since 1859. The amount involved in claims aggregates about \$130,000.

An Advance in Freight.

CHICAGO, July 11.—Commissioner Midgely, of the southwestern railway association, announces that, commencing

GEORGIA NEWS.

PEOPLE, PLACES AND POLITICS IN THE STATE.

Avareicious Negro at Jempp and His Dreda-Basell
 At Fort Valley, Ga., July 11.—The following invitation has been issued and explains itself:

The trustees, chancellor and faculty of the University of Georgia and the class of 1882 cordially invite you to attend the exercises of commencement week. July 14, Friday, 10 a.m.—Annual meeting of the board of trustees, in the university library. July 15, Saturday, 10:30 a.m.—Class day exercises on the university campus. July 16, Sunday, 11 a.m.—Baccalaureate sermon, in university chapel, by the Rev. Joseph S. Key, D.D., of Macon. 8:30 p.m.—Annual meeting of the students' prayer meeting society, in university chapel. July 17, Monday, 10:30 a.m.—Sophomore dedication, in university chapel. 4 p.m.—Annual meetings of the Phi Kappa and Demosthenian societies, in the society halls. 8:30 p.m.—Junior exhibition, in university chapel. Delivery of sophomore medals by the Hon. D. W. Lewis, of Dahlonega. July 18, Tuesday, 11 a.m.—Oration before the literary societies, in university chapel, by the Hon. J. C. Black, of Augusta. 4 p.m.—Annual meeting of the Alumni society, in university hall. 8:30 p.m.—Chancellor's reception, at the chancellor's mansion. July 19, Wednesday, commencement day, 10:30 a.m.—Commencement exercises, in university chapel. Owing to the provisions of the laws, the Hon. George T. Barnes will not deliver the annual address before the Alumni, as heretofore announced for the afternoon of July 18.

A VICIOUS NEGRO

At Jempp Train to Shoot Passengers on a Railway
 Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

Jempp, July 8.—Conductor Jacob Kneller put off a negro traveling with a ticket on the Albany passenger train, 17 miles west of Savannah, yesterday evening. The negro drew a pistol and as the train was moving off deliberately emptied its chambers in the coaches among the passengers. The train returned to the station and the negro fled to the nearest swamp. Fortunately no one was hurt. To-day Conductor Thomas Lake met the negro at Fleming and deposed him in the presence of parties who knew him and he was immediately identified and arrested and taken to Savannah free, where he will await a trial.

THE LADIES FOR STEPHENS.
 It is claimed that a majority of the ladies that attended our barbecue and mass meeting on the Fourth, favored Mr. Stephens, and that a handsome widow who was very decided in her preference for him, was heard afterwards inquiring about his age.

The seasons have continued good, the corn crop now is safe and the best probably ever made in this section. Sweet potatoes have been planted largely and an abundant supply may be expected.

Rev. Mr. Clark, our present member of the house, is now talked of for the senate for the third district, our people express but very little interest in the contest for congressman-at-large, unless Colonel Nicholls should be brought into the race. In that case, you may expect us to "whoop him up."

ELBERTON PERSONALS AND POLITICS.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.
 Elberton, July 10.—Colonel Boykin Wright, solicitor general of the Augusta circuit, has been spending some time with his brother, Mr. R. F. Wright, of this place, and has added many more to his already list of numerous friends here. Mr. D. B. Cade, Sr., one of the oldest and wealthiest citizens of Elberton, died last Thursday night. He was about 80 years of age. Mr. Cade was a prominent man in the county and especially in his immediate section. His loss will be materially felt in his neighborhood. Miss Bessie May Taylor, youngest daughter of Colonel R. S. Taylor, has made a dress that is a piece of artistic work and beauty. The skirt and bodice is of pink satin, being entirely covered with white lace wrought by the young lady's hand. A fashion editor would date on a subject like that dress. Mr. J. G. Swift, one of our most popular and prominent young business men, has returned from the North Carolina, much improved in health and appearance. The grangers of this section are preparing to erect a large business house in Elberton, none of the rooms here being commodious enough for their rapidly increasing trade. The political cauldron is in a red-hot state, the Stephens boom increasing, and Colonel J. C. Black, of Augusta, will address the people here next Saturday, the 15th.

FENCE IN HALL COUNTY.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.
 Gainesville, July 11.—The official vote of this county on the fence question was as follows: For no fence, 513; for fence, 1,308. Little Hattie, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Hawkins, died yesterday morning of cholera morbus after a sickness of about thirty hours.

FROM SCHOOL TO CHURCH.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.
 Dawson, July 10.—The O. O. Nelson female academy has been sold by the stockholders and will henceforth be fitted up and used as a Presbyterian church.

There is a very interesting meeting in progress at the Methodist church here, being conducted by Rev. J. B. Culpepper, of Blakely, Rev. G. S. Johnson, the pastor here, and other ministers.

FORT VALLEY FACTS.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.
 Fort Valley, July 10.—The Athletic base ball club of this place has gone into summer quarters. The business of its members will not allow them to continue playing. There is quite a boom for Judge Grice from this county, and formerly for Taylor, who is senator of the 23rd district. He is a gentleman well and favorably known over the district, and is the right man for the place.

THE FIRST GEORGIA BALE.

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.
 Albany, July 11.—The first bale of new cotton was received to-day by Ed L. Wright from Primus W. Jones, of Baker county. It was sold to A. B. Wesley at twenty cents per pound, and shipped to Tolar, Hart & Co., New York.

A GRUMBLE AT GRAND JURIES.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: Please allow space in your columns for a matter which I think demands the attention of legislators. I will illustrate by stating a case that occurred. I own a tract of land which the grand jury assessed at seven dollars per acre. A neighbor whose lands are joining mine, gave in his six dollars per acre; being actually more valuable than mine, to which the grand jury paid no attention. Next year the grand jury, done through ignorance or prejudice, I do not know, but I think that it constitutes an unfair discrimination between tax payers. This matter of assessing farming lands is in the hands of the grand jury of the August term of court, which is composed almost entirely of men from the city. Now I contend, if this matter is to rest in the hands of the grand jury, let them be drawn equally from each militia district of the county, in order that we may not be taxed without representation, contrary to the spirit of republican government. I think the discriminations made by the grand jury in their assessment of land unfair. One man fertilizes and improves his land, while another lets his take care of itself, and the one pays revenue on his labor, to the other the government pays a premium on his laziness. Respectfully, B. N. MILLER.
 Spalding Co., Ga., July 8, 1882.

CONGRESSMAN BLACK.

The Member from the First District Announces Himself as a Candidate for Re-Election.

From the Darien, Ga., Timber Gazette.
 ATLANTA, Ga., July 1, 1882.—R. W. Grubb, Darien, Ga.—My Dear Sir: Just as I was preparing for my departure from Washington for Atlanta, where I have come under the advice of my physicians for the benefit of my health by the change, your highly appreciated letter reached me. This circumstance will account for my delay in answering you upon a subject to which I have of late given a great deal of thought, and which concerns me as well as my friends, very materially. The rumor that I would not be a candidate for re-election, which you say prevails, can be easily accounted for by the fact that the present impression of my condition of health has been derived from the numerous telegrams that were published in the early critical period of my illness, no subsequent full and correct statement having since been given to the public of my improved condition. I have never stated that I would not be a candidate, for I am free to confess that a reelection would be gratifying and acceptable to me. Under the circumstances, in the case, I feel a delicacy in deciding upon my own physical fitness, although from the recent decided improvement in my condition and the opinion of my physicians, I feel justified in expressing the belief that by the time my duties are to be performed, I am physically qualified for membership in the forty-eighth congress. Of this I prefer that the people shall judge, through their representatives, in convention to be assembled on the 6th of September proximo, for the purpose of nominating a candidate. Please accept my thanks for your kind expressions and good wishes, and do me the favor to announce through the columns of your most excellent journal, that in my condition and absence from Washington will not prevent me from serving my constituents as fully in all respects as if I were present in that city, and that I shall be pleased to give any of them who may require it, the benefit of my services as their representative. Yours very respectfully,
 Geo. R. Black.

A Notice Worthy of Imitation.

From the DeKalb County, Ga., News.
 We earnestly beg every thrasher in the county, at the end of the threshing season, to send us the number of bushels of wheat and oats, threshed during the season, and the largest yield of wheat by any one man and his name. We are very anxious to arrive at the grain made in DeKalb this year, and this is the only way we have of getting it. We do not expect our candid conviction to be the desired information. As there may be several owners of threshers in the county who do not see the News, we would ask our subscribers, who know of any such, to show them this notice. We would be glad to have our correspondents would also see each other of their acquaintance and send us his name and the work for the season. As a slight reward for this trouble, we will send the News free, one year, to the person in DeKalb county who sends us the most grain this year. We will also send the News on the same terms to the DeKalb county farmer who saved the most wheat and also to the one who made the most oats; the returns to be certified to by the man who threshed the crop. Now what we wish to know is how much grain was made in DeKalb this year, what thrasher cleaned the most wheat and which most oats and how much. Send in the returns.

Shooting in Haralson.

From the Cedartown, Ga., Advertiser.
 Information reaches us that on Tuesday while a crowd of seven negroes employed at the Tudor and Hart copper mines, in Haralson county, were returning from Rockmart to the mines by way of the road a white man named George Weaver, whom, as we learn, without any provocation on his part three of the negroes cursed and abused, and finally attacked and beat with rocks, hurting him very badly. The affair became known, and a warrant was procured for the arrest of the negroes attacking Weaver, and placed in the hands of Mr. Sam Hunt to execute. On being approached by Hunt, one of the negroes drew a pistol and attempted to shoot, but Hunt, seeing his effort, fired first, killing the negro instantly. Hunt, it is said, has fled. The other negroes concerned in the affair have been arrested and placed in jail at this place—their names are Bill Henderson, Knutson, and the name of the negro killed we did not learn.

Music Hath Charms.

From the Cedartown, Ga., Advertiser.
 There is a rough shanty on court house square, six by twelve feet, which might be denominated music hall from the music, solo, duet, and choruses therefrom singing all hours of the day and night. A half a dozen negroes with battered horns and greasy dresses, who have nothing apparently to do but to blow and saw from morning till night and until morning, waste their efforts in trying to manufacture a tune. If perseverance and patience will avail, they will succeed some time within the present century. In the meantime our sympathies go out to those within hearing distance.

Catching 1,000 Pounds of Fish.

From the Oglethorpe, Ga., Echo.
 Last Wednesday a negro whose name we did not learn, living near the Glade, while standing under a tree eating an apple, was struck by lightning and instantly killed. It is said that while the skin was not scratched, every bone in his body was broken.

LIFE IN GEORGIA.

From the Danielsville Monitor.
 Bud Oglesby says eating beets makes his head ache.

From the Washington Gazette.

There is a gentleman out on the Skunk Shoals river who is making a fortune on oats, hogs, and chickens.

From the Belton North Georgian.

The thermometer wabbles about like a corn-popper over the country. "Kiver" feels mighty warm to-day, but every morning, just before day, however, all the year round.

From the Cumming Clarion.

Somehow we have not enjoyed the blackberries this year. Maybe it is because we mistook a nest for a bunch of berries the other day. At any rate, the vines no longer charm us.

From the Marietta Weekly.

Mr. J. E. Talmadge, who never does things by halves, recently gathered ten two horse wagon loads of onions from three-fourths of an acre of land. Besides these, he had been selling onions from the same lot all this summer.

From the Carroll County Times.

Victor Bradley brought four regular chicken hawks into town last week. He killed the old one and then climbed a tree 70 feet high and got the three large birds looking down upon him in the nest. There were ten different kinds of young birds and a young screech owl dead, in the nest with the young hawks.

From the Savannah Herald.

Not long since Aker Randolph commenced noticing that his young chickens were disappearing without his leave. Hearing one day that he had lost a hen, he went in the direction of the noise, and found her in a chicken house with a chicken in his coils. The snake made a dash at him to secure his prey and was dispatched with a stick.

From the Savannah Recorder.

Captain C. C. Clay, of Sumter county, says that he will have during this month a bale of cotton on the market. He gets sunshine enough. That he has several acres of early cotton in cultivation, the stalks four feet high and averaging fifteen to twenty-five bolls to the stalk, that he also has in cultivation two hundred and fifty acres of corn that will average twenty bushels to the acre.

From the Athens Banner.

A family in town, while sitting at dinner, were surprised to find the letters "W. T." imprinted upon a loaf of bread recently baked. The baking pan and everything connected with it was examined, but no clue to the mysterious letters could be found. The family, when the lady remembered that bread had been placed on the stove for a moment. Search was made and the mystery solved. The letters were put on the stove and had impressed themselves into the soft bread.

HON. GEORGE T. BARNES

ADVOCATED FOR CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE.

His Claims Upon the Party—Letter From Prominent Citizens in His Behalf—What the Leading Papers of the State Have to Say of His Candidacy—Other Points.

Augusta, Ga., July 8, 1882.—Dear Sir: The undersigned, in behalf of Hon. George T. Barnes, of Richmond county, take the liberty of addressing you this letter upon the subject of his candidacy for congress from the state-at-large.

In presenting him as a gentleman worthy of the high position with which his name is now associated, we have no desire to dictate any course or choice to the delegates to the state convention. We are persuaded that all their efforts will be directed to the conservation of party harmony and the development of party strength. In view of the fact that his candidacy has been preceded by the endorsement of the most prominent and excellent and prominent gentlemen for the position, we are in no wise inclined to depreciate or to ignore the claims of candidates from different portions of the state.

The Hon. George T. Barnes is not unknown to the people of Georgia. Indeed, the marked favor with which his candidacy has been received in many counties encourages the belief that the state-at-large shares in that warm personal esteem and strong public opinion in which he is held in this community.

AS A LAWYER.
 For more than twenty-five years he has been an active, conscientious and eloquent practitioner in the courts of Georgia. His career as a lawyer has been distinguished by strength, probity, consistency and flattering success. Reckoned as one of the leading lawyers and competent advocates in middle Georgia, the mention of his name in connection with the office of congressman-at-large wins the approval not only of an extensive circle of professional brethren, but also of many clients and friends who have long been personal witnesses of his fidelity and ability.

We have every confidence that Major Barnes would represent the state-at-large in the forty-eighth congress with a dignity, moral power, statesmanlike influence and soundness of judgment worthy of all commendation. Possessing a strong judicial mind, a scholarship of a high order, and an enlarged acquaintance with the political history of this nation, he is tireless in his industry, and eminently wise and conservative in his views. We do not expect our candid conviction when we affirm that his indefatigable labors in the committee rooms, and his earnest, potent advocacy of important measures on the floor of congress would redound to the best advantage of the country.

While it is true that no one can lay exclusive claim to any office within the gift of the people, it is nevertheless certain that valuable services rendered to party and state commend him to the consideration of the voters of his constituents. When it is asked, therefore, what has Mr. Barnes accomplished in the past, his friends point with pleasure to his long, zealous and distinguished labors in the ranks of democracy, both state and national.

LEGISLATIVE CAREER.

Since the close of his career in the legislature of Georgia, in 1864, as chairman of the committee on military affairs, and since the termination of his military service upon the fall of the confederacy, he has been constantly at work advancing the prosperity of the democratic party, whose success has been and is essential to the best interests of the south and the whole country. His first and the most energetic in the redemption of the state from radical rule, he has ever since been actively engaged, in convention and upon the hustings, in promoting the cause of the democratic party.

For years he has been Georgia's representative upon the national democratic committee. Of his counsel and private means he has contributed wisely and liberally in the conduct of the party's efforts to secure the nomination for the more thorough union of the state and national organizations within the democratic ranks was the result of his sage suggestions and earnest effort. Several times he has represented the party at the national conventions, when true and trusted leaders were selected to nominate the standard bearers of the democracy upon the broadest fields of battle.

All these duties have been efficiently and at the same time cheerfully discharged, and all these duties have been performed with a personal expense of time and money, never has he been an applicant for office in the pay either of the state or of the national government. Such long-continued, valuable and disinterested service certainly entitles him to the respect and gratitude of his state and his people.

THE CANDIDACY.

His candidacy, beyond all question, is supported by personal and political ability. Unblemished by private life, he has never been in all obligations—most faithful to trusts reposed. In every instance he has been loyal to the cause of organized democracy, cheerfully and liberally supporting the nomination of party, who are located in the south.

The candidacy of the Hon. George T. Barnes, we may truthfully say, was compassed at the earnest solicitation of his friends. Only twelve days since did he consent that he should be considered in connection with the prominent position with which it is now associated, and we are prompted by the short time intervening between this and the assembling of the convention to address you personally in his behalf. We have every reason to be sincerely gratified at the favorable endorsement of his claims in various portions of the state, and to rejoice at the strength which his name has developed among his numerous friends.

Such are some of the reasons which induced Major Barnes' friends to prevail upon him to stand for the office of congressman-at-large, and such are some of the qualifications which, in our judgment, eminently fit him for the position. He is a man of high character and of the most efficient discharge of the important duties appertaining to that high position.

Heartily commending his candidacy to your favorable consideration, we are, very respectfully, your obedient servants,
 WM. M. REESE, of Wilkes.
 CHARLES C. JONES, Jr., of Richmond.
 M. A. STOVALL, of Richmond.
 JOHN J. JONES, of Burke.
 PATRICK W. BARNES, of Richmond.

FOR CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE.

Augusta Chronicle and Constitutionalist, June 28.
 An "Old Line Democrat" presents this morning the name of Hon. George T. Barnes, for congressman-at-large. The mention of his name at this time, for the general representative of the state in the next house of representatives, is particularly appropriate. He embodies in a striking degree the high principles of a man and the thorough qualities of a statesman. No man in the south has been truer to his friends or more faithful to those principles of the party to which he has been so long attached. He is a man of high character and of the most efficient discharge of the important duties appertaining to that high position.

He is among the most companionable and popular of gentlemen—a man of the people, who is not only a man of high character and of the most efficient discharge of the important duties appertaining to that high position, but also a man of high character and of the most efficient discharge of the important duties appertaining to that high position.

Major Barnes has rendered great service to the state as a public man. He has never held office since his election to the legislature in 1864, when the true and tried men of the land were called to the front in an hour of uncertainty and peril. But since that time he has been a trusted leader of the party. He has labored as a member of the state and national campaign committees and has been found in the front rank in every campaign since the war, where the principles of democracy were advanced and the banner of the south was to be maintained. As the Georgia member of the national democratic executive committee, he has formulated the broad and generous policy for the unity and strength of his party and no man in the next campaign, whether or not he is elected by the people as a candidate for office, will be more ready to render faithful and efficient service to his party and to his country than the Hon. George T. Barnes.

Editors Chronicle and Constitutionalist: Permit me, through the columns of your valuable journal, to suggest to the people of Georgia, and to the democratic state convention, shortly to assemble at Atlanta, for congressman-at-large, the name of our most deserving and most honored citizen, Hon. George T. Barnes.

Years of zealous service in the cause of his party and the interest of his people—years of earnest and active labor for the public good—years of patient industry and self-sacrifice in the practice of his profession and the cause of his party, have won for him the esteem, the high regard, and the affection of his friends and his fellow-citizens. The time is approaching when this esteem, regard and gratitude can be moulded into a powerful and effective action, and the name of George T. Barnes in connection with the candidacy for congressman-at-large to awaken throughout the state the most ardent enthusiasm for his cause—to be followed by his unanimous nomination at Atlanta and his triumphant election at the polls.

HON. GEORGE T. BARNES

ADVOCATED FOR CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE.

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While it is true that no one can lay exclusive claim to any office within the gift of the people, it is nevertheless certain that valuable services rendered to party and state commend him to the consideration of the voters of his constituents. When it is asked, therefore, what has Mr. Barnes accomplished in the past, his friends point with pleasure to his long, zealous and distinguished labors in the ranks of democracy, both state and national.

LEGISLATIVE CAREER.

Since the close of his career in the legislature of Georgia, in 1864, as chairman of the committee on military affairs, and since the termination of his military service upon the fall of the confederacy, he has been constantly at work advancing the prosperity of the democratic party, whose success has been and is essential to the best interests of the south and the whole country. His first and the most energetic in the redemption of the state from radical rule, he has ever since been actively engaged, in convention and upon the hustings, in promoting the cause of the democratic party.

For years he has been Georgia's representative upon the national democratic committee. Of his counsel and private means he has contributed wisely and liberally in the conduct of the party's efforts to secure the nomination for the more thorough union of the state and national organizations within the democratic ranks was the result of his sage suggestions and earnest effort. Several times he has represented the party at the national conventions, when true and trusted leaders were selected to nominate the standard bearers of the democracy upon the broadest fields of battle.

All these duties have been efficiently and at the same time cheerfully discharged, and all these duties have been performed with a personal expense of time and money, never has he been an applicant for office in the pay either of the state or of the national government. Such long-continued, valuable and disinterested service certainly entitles him to the respect and gratitude of his state and his people.

THE CANDIDACY.

His candidacy, beyond all question, is supported by personal and political ability. Unblemished by private life, he has never been in all obligations—most faithful to trusts reposed. In every instance he has been loyal to the cause of organized democracy, cheerfully and liberally supporting the nomination of party, who are located in the south.

The candidacy of the Hon. George T. Barnes, we may truthfully say, was compassed at the earnest solicitation of his friends. Only twelve days since did he consent that he should be considered in connection with the prominent position with which it is now associated, and we are prompted by the short time intervening between this and the assembling of the convention to address you personally in his behalf. We have every reason to be sincerely gratified at the favorable endorsement of his claims in various portions of the state, and to rejoice at the strength which his name has developed among his numerous friends.

Such are some of the reasons which induced Major Barnes' friends to prevail upon him to stand for the office of congressman-at-large, and such are some of the qualifications which, in our judgment, eminently fit him for the position. He is a man of high character and of the most efficient discharge of the important duties appertaining to that high position.

Heartily commending his candidacy to your favorable consideration, we are, very respectfully, your obedient servants,
 WM. M. REESE, of Wilkes.
 CHARLES C. JONES, Jr., of Richmond.
 M. A. STOVALL, of Richmond.
 JOHN J. JONES, of Burke.
 PATRICK W. BARNES, of Richmond.

FOR CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE.

Augusta Chronicle and Constitutionalist, June 28.
 An "Old Line Democrat" presents this morning the name of Hon. George T. Barnes, for congressman-at-large. The mention of his name at this time, for the general representative of the state in the next house of representatives, is particularly appropriate. He embodies in a striking degree the high principles of a man and the thorough qualities of a statesman. No man in the south has been truer to his friends or more faithful to those principles of the party to which he has been so long attached. He is a man of high character and of the most efficient discharge of the important duties appertaining to that high position.

He is among the most companionable and popular of gentlemen—a man of the people, who is not only a man of high character and of the most efficient discharge of the important duties appertaining to that high position, but also a man of high character and of the most efficient discharge of the important duties appertaining to that high position.

Major Barnes has rendered great service to the state as a public man. He has never held office since his election to the legislature in 1864, when the true and tried men of the land were called to the front in an hour of uncertainty and peril. But since that time he has been a trusted leader of the party. He has labored as a member of the state and national campaign committees and has been found in the front rank in every campaign since the war, where the principles of democracy were advanced and the banner of the south was to be maintained. As the Georgia member of the national democratic executive committee, he has formulated the broad and generous policy for the unity and strength of his party and no man in the next campaign, whether or not he is elected by the people as a candidate for office, will be more ready to render faithful and efficient service to his party and to his country than the Hon. George T. Barnes.

Editors Chronicle and Constitutionalist: Permit me, through the columns of your valuable journal, to suggest to the people of Georgia, and to the democratic state convention, shortly to assemble at Atlanta, for congressman-at-large, the name of our most deserving and most honored citizen, Hon. George T. Barnes.

Years of zealous service in the cause of his party and the interest of his people—years of earnest and active labor for the public good—years of patient industry and self-sacrifice in the practice of his profession and the cause of his party, have won for him the esteem, the high regard, and the affection of his friends and his fellow-citizens. The time is approaching when this esteem, regard and gratitude can be moulded into a powerful and effective action, and the name of George T. Barnes in connection with the candidacy for congressman-at-large to awaken throughout the state the most ardent enthusiasm for his cause—to be followed by his unanimous nomination at Atlanta and his triumphant election at the polls.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

SEEK

FRESH TURNIP SEED

CROP OF 1882,

IS NOW COMING IN.

Yellow Ruta Baga, White Ruta Baga, Early White Flat Dutch, Red Top Flat, strap leaf, Large White Globe, Amber Globe, Large English Norfolk, Long White Hanover, Aberdeen and Forrester,

and all the desirable sorts. All fresh and true to name.

LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR

Druggists.

PAINTS

We have the best mineral paint in the market and at less price than the common article is sold.

STRICTLY PURE

WHITE LEAD

"RED SEAL BRAND."

We are Headquarters for this reliable brand of Paint. Beware of imitations. Do not buy your paint until you get quotations from us.

LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR

Druggists.

TOP PAINTERS

AND

CONTRACTORS.

Do not buy your Paints, Oils, Varnish, Window Glass, etc., until you have ascertained our prices and quality of our goods.

LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR

Druggists.

TO MERCHANTS

AND

DEALERS.

Our usual large and well assorted stock of

DRUGS

MEDICINES, CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines, etc.,

is at the service of our patrons and the general public for reasonable considerations in currency. Do not buy your Drugs until you have called at Headquarters.

LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR

Druggists.

TO DRUGGISTS.

We can save you freight on nearly all Patent Medicines and many other articles. Do not send your orders North until you have our quotations.

LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR

Druggists.

COX & DORSEY,

REAL E

made, which come to the newspaper man as

made, which come to the newspaper man as well as the general public, must be two-fold.

made, which come to the newspaper man as well as the general public, must be two-fold. First that a modern miracle of healing has been performed in our midst, and that, too, by the simplest means and one which is within the reach of every one. It should be

made, which come to the newspaper man as well as with the general public, must be two-fold. First that a modern miracle of healing has been performed in our midst, and that, too, by the simplest means and one which is within the reach of every one. It should be remembered that Bright's disease is not usually a sudden complaint. Its beginnings are slight and its growth slow. The symptoms by the simplest means are detected are difficult with different persons, no two people usually having the same. This fact was manifest in the case of Mr. Larabee, and he had no idea of the terrible complaint which had attacked him until it became fixed upon him. Secondly testimonials of such high character and so out-spoken in tone, conclusively prove the value of the remedy and its superior nature to the proprietary articles with which the public have been flooded. The fact that the remedy has been proved to have been proven so valuable and has saved a life after it was brought down to death's door, must unquestionably be certain in all minor troubles which are so disastrous unless taken in time.

Two hundred convicts have been put to work on the Memphis and Holly Springs railroad in Mississippi.

When you feel out of sorts, have the blues, melancholy, or any ailment, get an investigation that ails you. Brown's Iron Bitters cures it.

guyll & cwllw

remember that Bright's disease is not usually a sudden complaint. Its beginnings are slight and its growth slow. The symptoms which it may be detected are different with different persons, no two people usually having the same. This fact was manifest in the case of Mr. Larabee, and he had no idea of the terrible complaint which had attacked him until it became fixed upon him. Secondly, testimonials of such high character and so out-spoken in tone, conclusively prove the value of the remedy and its safety. Thirdly, when we consider that the public have been flooded, "The greater includes the less," and the remedy which has been proven so valuable and has saved a life and a fortune, it is not surprising that it must unquestionably be certain in all minor troubles which are so disastrous unless taken in time.

Three hundred convicts have been put to work on the Memphis and Holly Springs railroad in Mississippi.

When you feel out of sorts, have the blues, nervousness, etc., it must be indigestion that ails you. Get rid of Bitters cure it.

WILLIAM WELLS

for Mississippi City tomatoes go a-begging at once a bushel.

ANGOSTURA BITTERS is a household word all over the world. For over 50 years it has advertised itself by its title. It is now advertised to earn the public against counterfeits. The genuine article is manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Slegert & sons.

The production of grapes and wine is an industry now being developed in Madison county and other portions of north Alabama.

If you come home late bring your wife a bottle of German Corn Remover. Result: happiness.
marl—d&w 9

PERRY DAVIS'

Summer Cure

At this season, various diseases of the
through lack of knowledge of a safe
PAIN KILLER is a sure cure for
Cholera, Cholera Morbus, and, is pe
Read the following:

BAINBRIDGE, N. Y., March 23, 1891.
PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER never fails to give
of instant relief for CRAMP and PAIN.

JOSEPH BUDGETT.

NOBLESVILLE, N. Y., Feb. 2, 1891.
The very best medicine I know of for dysentery,
cholera morbus, and cramps in the stomach. Have
used it for years, and it is more curative than

JULIUS W. DEK

for Mississippi City tomatoes go a-begging at once a bushel.

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cholera morbus, and cramps in the stomach. Have
used it for years, and it is more curative than

JULIUS W. DEK

MORRISON, IOWA, March 12, 1881.
 I have used your PAIN KILLER in several cases of
 cramp, colic and cholera morbus and it gave almost
 instant relief.
 J. E. CALDWELL.
 CARNEVILLE, GA., Feb. 28, 1881.
 For twenty years I have used your PAIN KILLER
 in my family. Have used it many times for liver
 complaints, and it always cures. Would not feel
 without a bottle in the house.
 SAGO, MS., Jan. 28, 1881.
 Have used PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER for twelve
 years. It is safe and reliable. No mother
 should allow it to be out of the family.
 J. L. NATHAN.
 No family can safely be without it
 within the reach of all. For sale by all druggists.
 PERRY DAVIS & SON,
 Lowell, Mass.
 July 16—dwtly whole nxd rd mat June July

Millions of Dollars Can be Saved the Farmer
BY USING
GUNN'S PATENT FRUIT AND VEGETABLE
It is made entirely of sheet iron. It is light and portable. Can be used in the
A twelve year old fruit can be raised in it. It is so cheap that it is within the reach
IT WILL PAY FOR ITSELF IN TEN DAYS



No. 1 Dreyer will dry 10 bushels green Apples in
Apples in 4 hours. Price No. 1 \$35.00 No. 2 1 week
500 pounds. Merchants wishing to handle the Evans
CULLEN & NEWMAN

24 Years on the Market.

MILBURN WAGONS, CAR

BUY THE BEST.

The Best Finished Wagons.



TRADE-MARK.

THE OLD RELIABLE.

THE MILBURN

Is made of the best materials, of thoroughly seasoned
No Convict Labor used. A large stock of every

NOS. 39, 41 AND 43

ALSO, AT SALE

CARRIAGES



SPR

THE CITY Come and see us before purchasing
\$86 Jan 22-dtf

"THE BROWN"
GEORGE C. BROWN
MACON
IMMEDIATELY OPPOSITE
TERMS \$2.50 AND

THIS POPULAR HOTEL, WITH THE TRAVELING
has been the longly overhauled and renovated f
newly carpeted and supplied with handsome f
comfortable and attractive. This House is regar
for the past year the registers show an actual ac
Commercial Hall
The drive to charge of Fred A. Richards and
Fremontville while enjoying the hospitality of Macon's

TRUNKS, VALISES AND SATCHELS.

TRUNKS REPAIRED AND MADE GOOD AS
new, at very lowest price. Trunks called for
and delivered free. Lieberman & Kaufmann, No
419 Whitehall street 419 july9-1w top col

FINANCIAL

MADDUX, RUCKER & CO., BANKERS, 36 W
Alabama street—Transact a general Bank
business, make collections, receive deposits and al
w interest at the rate of 5 per cent per annum
ew York exchange at current rates. R F Maddux,

W Rucker, W L Peel 409 apr 9 3m top col

UCTION SALES—MISCELLANEOUS.

VARNISH! VARNISH!—WE WILL SELL AT auction this morning, 3 barrels extra Varnish, Geo W Sullivan & Co., 7 Decatur street. iuh12. Alt for one col

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

CARP FOR SALE—I WILL SELL YOUNG CARP
at ten cents apiece; large ones, that will
own this summer, at one dollar each. Purchasers

pay for cans or furnish them. Washington, Ga,
July 6th, 1882. Wm. W. Simpson.
july7 d&w4w

WANTED—HELP.

WANTED—AT THE ATLANTA FURNITURE

TEACHER WANTED—THE PROFESSORSHIP of Ancient Languages in the Southwest Georgia Agricultural College at this place is to be filled. Applications, with evidences of qualifications, and all particulars as to family, age and moral and re-

regions character, should be promptly sent to John Clarke, President B T S W G A C, Cuthbert, Ga. July4-d2w

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

FOR SALE -ONE OF THE BEST MEAT MAR-

kets in the city, having a splendid and well established trade, centrally located. First-class fixtures for sale. This is a grand opportunity for a first-class investment of small capital. A bargain can be had by addressing A. B. C., Constitution office.

BLOUNT & CO., MAKE A SPECIALTY OF
building small houses. We also handle lumber
of all kinds. Parties expecting to build can save
money by giving us a trial. Corner Butler street
and Ga R R. June 27—tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

GO TO ZETELLE'S TO-DAY AND GET A
plate of his Brunswick Stew. The finest in
America. July 12-d1t

FOR RENT—A NEW HOUSE, CORNER ALEX-

GROVES' MATRIMONIAL AGENCY—ARE YOU going to marry? If so call at Groves' Matrimonial Agency, 48 Marietta; over \$12,000 paid off on marriages last month in one company. It will pay

on to investigate the association represented by
im. Call up; any information cheerfully given.
412 July9-21 sun wed

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A MAGNIFICENT FARM OF 140

acres; situated 1 mile below Decatur, on Ga
R: 50 acres rich bottom: well watered with 4
large springs: in high state of cultivation. For
further information apply to Hugh A Haralson, 27
Marietta street. july4-dtm

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST ELEGANT
homes in North Georgia. House and lot cost

13,500 in gold. I will sell the property for \$6,000 cash. The best bargain in the state. Property situated in Marietta, Ga. For particulars address Albert Howell, Augusta, Ga. 577 June 15 41m

FOR RENT—HOUSES, ETC

FOR RENT—THREE OR FOUR ROOMS connecting; furnished if desired. Apply at 49 Wheat street. July 11—2t

FOR RENT—LARGE AND SMALL ROOMS, with steam power, also a nice office room or desk room at the Atlanta cutlery Works, 27 and 29

FOR RENT—ELEGANT OFFICE SPACE ON
first floor at No 11 East Alabama street. Apply
to Charles E Robinson or J Robinson
407 July 4—St tues thur fri sat sun tues wed thur

FOR RENT—FRONT BASEMENT OF NO. 37
Marietta street, corner Forsyth street, opposite

TO LEASE.—ONE RAILROAD FRONT ON W & A R R, opposite Steward & Bros.' mills. Will lease from one to three years. Lot 35 feet front, 110 feet deep. Suitable for mill, coal or wood yard. Address **James A Gifford, 234 Marietta street.**

394 ju 9 3t

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—TO BORROW \$2,000.00 ON REAL Estate—Titles perfect. Parties desiring to loan money on security worth three times the above

WANTED—TO BUY A GOOD WATCH DOG cheap for cash. Apply at 26 Marietta street
july12—dlit

VOHOMBURG—THE LATEST OUT, THE NEW mode of dress-cutting, its swift, simple, correct, giving ease, grace and beauty, to the figure, never fails in a perfect fit; taught at residences address Miss Toohey, Constitution office.
July 8 dw

HORSE FOR SALE—A SOUND GENTLEMARE. Solid bay, medium size; true in any kind of harness, good under saddle; suitable for family, though spirited she is not afraid of the cars, price \$25. Enquire No 79 and 81 Broad street, July 11—3t *times* thursat

ATLANTA WAGON AND TIMBER COMPANY,
corner Georgia Railroad and Butler street,
have for sale one-horse Wagons, guaranteed one
year. Gears, Wheels, Bolts, Iron, seasoned Oak Hick-
ory, Poplar. Repairing done first class and cheap.
1889 June 24-1m

MACHINERY, ENGINES, ETC., FOR SALE
FOR SALE—ONE 10-HORSE POWER SKINNER & Wood's Engine and Boiler; been used but a very short time. They were manufactured for a play at the Exposition. Will sell low. Address

Phelan, Atlanta, Ga. June 23-41f

FOR SALE—A FORSAITH FOLDER, IN GOOD condition, cheap. Constitution, Atlanta, Ga. 6-23-41f

WANTED—AGENTS.

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY COUNTY AND town in the south and west for the Nuptial Gift Association of Brownsville, Tenn. Liberal commission allowed. Address M W Cheny, Secretary, Brownsville, Tenn. June 21-1m

WANTED—ACTIVE AGENTS FOR THE TENNESSEE Matrimonial Association. Liberal commission allowed. For information address Murray, Secretary, No. 31 College street, Nashville, Tenn.
June 21—1m

allowed active agents. Address Dr J M Ma
President, Columbus, Ga. june21-1m

SUMMER BOARDING.

ELIGIBLE SUMMER BOARD CAN B
had at No. 109 McDonough street. Ma
1908.

1882. 934 may 28 - dtf

BOARDERS WANTED.

BOARDERS—GOOD ACCOMMODATIONS CAN
be found at Mrs Talmadge's, 38 North Forsyth.
t. jul 12 - d3t wed fri sat.

NERVOUS DEBILITY
A CURE GUARANTEED.

DR. E. C. WESSER'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT: A specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Headache, Mental Depression, Loss of Memory, Spermatorrhoea, Impotency, Injunctory Embosoms, Premature Old Age, caused by over-exertion, self-abuse, or over-indulgence, which leads to misery, decay and death. One box cures recent cases.

Each box contains one month's treatment. One or two boxes, or six boxes for five dollars, sent by prepaid on receipt of price. We guarantee boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written promise to return the money if the treatment

not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by
LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Atlanta, Ga.
Orders by Mail will receive Prompt Attention.
25 may-44w12

10

THE COLUMN SWELLING.

WITH HEAD TURNED TOWARD
LIBERTY HALL.

Tallaferro faithful to first impressions and the
voice of the majority—Chattahoochee Chimes
in With the Current—Every Evidence of
Faint Sailing for the 19th of July.

Chattahoochee was duly reported yesterday
as having joined in the Stephens procession
swelling his votes to 214 1/2 votes. Information
from the uninstructed counties on the
rules indicate that the preferences of a large
number of the delegates are for the majority
rule. The action of several counties will be
found appended:

THE RESULT SUMMARIZED.

How the Vote Stands for Governor, Congressmen—
Large and the Rule.

COUNTIES.	For Stephens.	For Bacon.	Uninstructed.	For majority.	For two-thirds.	Uninstructed.
Appling.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Baker.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Baldwin.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Banks.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Bartow.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Berrien.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Bibb.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Brooks.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Bryan.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Bullock.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Burke.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Butts.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Calhoun.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Candler.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Carroll.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Catoosa.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Chatham.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Chattahoochee.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Chattahoochee.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cherokee.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Clarke.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Clay.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Clayton.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cobb.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Coffee.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Columbia.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Colquitt.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Coweta.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Crawford.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Dawson.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Decatur.	2	2	2	2	2	2
DeKalb.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Dodge.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Dooly.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Douglas.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Early.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Echols.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Effingham.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Elbert.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Evans.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fannin.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fayette.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Floyd.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Forrest.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Franklin.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fulton.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Gilmer.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Glascock.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Glynn.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Gordon.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Greene.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Gwinnett.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Habersham.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Hall.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Hancock.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Harris.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Hart.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Heard.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Henry.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Houston.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Idaho.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Irwin.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Jackson.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Jasper.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Jefferson.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Johnson.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Jones.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Laurens.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Lee.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Liberty.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Limestone.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Lincolnton.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Lowndes.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Lumpkin.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Madison.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Marion.	2	2	2	2	2	2
McClintock.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Meigs.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Meriwether.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Miller.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Milton.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mitchell.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Monroe.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Montgomery.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Morgan.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Murray.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Muscogee.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Newton.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Oglethorpe.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Oconee.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Oglethorpe.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Panola.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Peachtree.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Pike.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Polk.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Pulaski.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Putnam.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Quitman.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Ramoth.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Randolph.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Richmond.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Rockdale.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Schley.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Screven.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Spalding.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Stewart.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Sumter.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Talbot.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Tallaferro.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Talbot.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Telfair.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Terrell.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Thomas.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Towns.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Troup.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Twigs.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Union.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Upson.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Walker.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Walton.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Ware.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Warren.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Washington.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Wayne.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Webster.	2	2	2	2	2	2
White.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Whitfield.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Wilcox.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Wilkes.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Wilkinson.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Worth.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Totals.	214 1/2	83 1/2	46	140	78	40

committee, and the candidate receiving the highest
number of votes be declared the nominee of the
party.

FOR GAINES, July 11.—The democracy of Clay
county assembled at the courthouse Saturday last
at 1 o'clock. Dr. D. F. Owen was the chosen chair-
man and A. P. Ingraham secretary. Upon motion
the chair appointed a committee to retire and select
a new executive committee and report the names
of suitable persons to represent the county in
the state convention. The committee after a
short absence, reported the following: S. E. Lewis, W. A.
Graham, R. E. Kenyon, R. A. Turpin, T. M. Kill-
ingsworth and J. J. Sanders, and the following as
executive committee: S. E. Lewis, W. A. Graham,
R. E. Kenyon, R. A. Turpin, T. M. Killingsworth,
J. J. Sanders, J. H. Jenkins, J. B. Kimple, R. E. King,
R. A. Turpin and J. J. Sanders. Upon motion the
names of the committee were unanimously adopted.
The following resolutions were offered and
read by Dr. W. J. Johnson and adopted by the
meeting: "Whereas, The adoption of the two-thirds
rule by the national democratic convention
nearly forty years ago, has long since accom-
plished the object for which it was originally in-
tended; and, whereas, on account of its being antago-
nistic to democratic principles and the long estab-
lished usages of the party, it should never have
been introduced into our state and county con-
ventions, having frequently fostered on the party con-
fusions, and the choice of the people; and, whereas,
we believe the word democracy means, according
to the definition of our most distinguished
letrary, a government of the people, by
majority of the people and for the people, and that
a majority of all the votes cast for a candidate in
any of the congressional or county conven-
tions should determine the choice of the nominee of
the party. Therefore be it resolved by the democracy
of Clay county assembled, That the dele-
gates elected to represent us in the approaching
convention, called to meet in the city of Atlanta on
the 19th instant, for the purpose of nominat-
ing candidates for governor, congressmen
at-large and state officers be instructed to vote
against the two-thirds rule, and use all justifiable
means in their power to abolish it, and substitute
the majority rule in its stead. Resolved further,
That the democracy of Clay county hereby re-affirm
their fealty to this party by solemnly pledging
themselves to the support of the nominees of the
convention, whenever they may be."

LUMPKIN FOR THE MAJORITY.

DAHLONGA, July 11.—In response to a call of
the chairman of the executive committee of the county
of Lumpkin, a meeting of the democratic voters
was held in the court house at Dahlona, on Sat-
urday. R. H. Baker, chairman of the committee,
presided, and explained the object of the meeting,
which was to appoint delegates to the approaching
state democratic convention to be held the 19th of
July at Jonesboro. The meeting was well at-
tended. The following resolutions were intro-
duced by Colonel Wier Boyd: "Resolved, 1st, That
it is the sense of this meeting that it is best for the
interest of the people of Georgia and the democratic
party that the Hon. Alexander H. Stephens should
be elected governor of the state; and, 2nd, That
therefore request our delegates to the convention
to be held in Atlanta on the 19th of July, 1882,
to secure his nomination. While expressing our
preference as above, we do not wish to disparage
the ability or patriotism of our distinguished citi-
zens of our state whom we would delight to honor.
As to congressmen at-large and other state officers,
we leave to the enlightened discretion of our dele-
gates to aid in making good selections. Resolved,
That we elect two delegates and two alternates to
represent us in said convention on the part of one
delegate or alternate, if no more should attend, to
cast the full vote to which the county of Lumpkin
is entitled in said convention. Short addresses were
made by Colonel W. Boyd, Colonel W. P. Price and
Hon. W. H. McAfee. The resolutions were then
unanimously adopted. Colonel R. H. Boyd intro-
duced the following resolution, which was adopted:
"Resolved, That in the opinion of this meeting
the next state democratic convention should
adopt the majority rule instead of the two-thirds
rule." In accordance with the resolution previ-
ously adopted, the meeting then proceeded to bal-
lot for two delegates and two alternates, which re-
sulted as follows: Delegates—R. H. Baker, W. H.
McAfee. Alternates—A. A. Martin, J. O. Robert-
son.

BAKING POWDERS.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity,
strength and wholesomeness. More economical
than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in
competition with the multitude of low test, short
weight, alum or phosphate powders. ROYAL
BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

714 Jones—444 1/2 top col. red or full red mat

Obituary.

MEREDITH—Died at Lake Irma, Florida, on the
6th of June, 1882, John T. Meredith, formerly of
Atlanta, Ga.
Those who knew him best loved him most.

HYMENEA.

SHUMATE—BEHRING—Married, in Galveston,
Texas, on yesterday, at the residence of the bride's
father Mr. William L. Shumate, of this city, to
Miss Viola Behring.

R. H. KNAPP, AUCTIONEER.

Saturday 6 p. M., July 15.

Haynes St. School Property

I WILL SELL ON THE PREMISES ON THE
corner of Haynes and Markham streets, the
Haynes Street School Property, divided into three
lots. Being convenient to the Railroad Shops and
the home of the industries of this city. The
Terms—Half cash, balance 6 and 12 months with
8 percent interest. Real Estate Agent, 50 E. Alabama street.
July 12 dtd

CIRCULAR.

OFFICE OF GENERAL MANAGER,
Richmond and Danville, Charlotte, Columbia and
Augusta, and Columbia and Greenville Railroad
Companies and the Virginia Midland Railway Co.

Richmond, Va., June 21st, 1882.

To further promote the interests of its patrons
and the development of the material resources and
industries of the regions of country served by its
system of Railroads the Richmond and Danville
Railroad Company will again incur the labor and
expense of making an illustrative Exhibit this Fall.

The New England Manufacturers and Mechanics
Institute will hold its second Exposition in Boston,
Mass., on the 6th of September. It is cordially in-
vited to the Richmond and Danville Railroad Co. to
display its Exhibits in its magnificent building.
The invitation has been accepted. Such an oppor-
tunity for a practical and wide reaching advertise-
ment of the subjects which compose the material
wealth of our section of the South and of the man-
ifold advantages and inducements it offers for the
investment of Northern, and especially New Eng-
land capital, and New England immigration, has
never before been presented to our people. It
should not be neglected.

All persons throughout the great Piedmont,
Mountain and other regions embraced in the Rich-
mond and Danville system of Railroads in any way
interested in material development and enterprises
concerning Mineral Lands and Mines, Timber
Lands, Manufacturing Establishments and Water
Powers are invited to avail themselves of the bene-
fit of this Exhibit.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS.

NATURAL FRUIT FLAVORS.

Dr. Price's SPECIAL

FLAVORING EXTRACTS.

Prepared from the choicest Fruits, with-
out coloring, poisonous oils, acids or artifi-
cial Essences. Always uniform in strength,
without any adulterations or impurities.
Have gained their reputation from their
perfect purity, superior strength and qual-
ity. Admitted by all who have used them
as the most delicate, grateful and natural
flavor for cakes, puddings, creams, etc.

MANUFACTURED BY
STEELE & PRICE,
Chicago, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo.,
Bakers of Lapins Yeast Bread, Dr. Price's Cream Baking
Powder, and Dr. Price's Cocoa Powder.
WE MAKE NO SECOND GRADE GOODS.
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EDUCATIONAL.

WAVERLEY SEMINARY.

1412 "H" Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG
Ladies. Full course of instruction and teach-
ing. Every advantage afforded for thorough training in
the mathematical, literary and ornamental depart-
ments. Terms moderate. Session opens
Sept. 20th. For catalogue apply to
July 9 dtd MISS LIPScomb, Principal.

SWATHMORE COLLEGE,

RE-OPENING IN RESTORED BUILDING.
BOTH SEXES ADMITTED. COLLEGE AND
Preparatory School. Under care of Members
of the Society of Friends. The main building, de-
signed by Dr. H. H. Wood, has been com-
pleted, enlarged, and fitted up with all conven-
iences. Thorough instruction in Languages, Lit-
erature, Mathematics, and the Sciences. New Sci-
entific Building containing Laboratories, Drafting
Rooms, Machine Shops, and all appliances for pur-
suing a thorough course in Chemistry, Mechanical
and Civil Engineering. The next term opens 9th
month, September 12th. Apply early, as other
schools being closed, places will be given the earliest
applicants.
For full particulars, address EDWARD H. MA-
GILL, President, Swathmore College, Delaware
County, Pa. June 22—4781

ATLANTA FEMALE INSTITUTE,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
PACHTREE STREET, OPPOSITE GOVERN-
ment's Mansion. This exercises of this school
will resume on Monday, September 18th, 1882,
with a corps of experienced teachers. The object
of this institution is to afford the advantages of a
thorough education to young ladies. Special at-
tention is given to the study of Music, Modern
Languages, Penmanship and Art. Native French
and German teachers are employed. The music
department is under the able management of Prof.
Alfred Barth. For full particulars apply to the prin-
cipal, Mrs. J. W. BALLARD, Principal.
June 22—4781

WESLEYAN FEMALE COLLEGE,

Macon, Georgia.
THE FORTY-FOURTH ANNUAL SESSION WILL
begin October 4, 1882. The College is furnish-
ing with all modern appliances looking to health,
supplies and comfort of its inmates.
Unsurpassed advantages in Literature, Music and
Art, at moderate rates.
Apply for Catalogue to
July 5—dtd or Rev. W. C. BASS, President,
July 5—dtd or Rev. W. C. BASS, Secretary.

SOUTHERN FEMALE COLLEGE,

LaGrange, Georgia.
WITH FULL FACULTY, FINE BUILDINGS,
and a complete outfit for Literary, Art and
Music Department, opens September 20th. Ad-
mission free. Last Catalogue numbers
145 pupils and 110 in music. Annual expenses for
board and tuition, \$207.00; the same with music,
\$227.20. For catalogue address: F. C. O'NEILL,
President.
June 22—4781

AUGUSTA FEMALE SEMINARY,

Staunton, Va.
MISS MARY J. BALDWIN, PRINCIPAL.
Opens September 5th, Closes June, 1883.

UNSURPASSED IN ITS LOCATION, IN ITS
buildings and grounds, in its general appoint-
ments and sanitary arrangements, its full corps of
experienced teachers, its thoroughness, its ad-
vantages in music, modern languages, elocution,
fine arts, physical culture and instruction in the
theory and practice of cooking, the advantages of
forts made to secure health, comfort and happiness,
its position in the State, its standard of solid
scholarship. Full particulars apply to the prin-
cipal for catalogue. June 23—4781

Law School of Washington & Lee University,

GENERAL G. W. C. LEE, PRESIDENT.
FACULTY: C. A. GRAVES, M. A. PROFESSOR
common law and equity; Hon. J. Randolph
Tucker, LL. D. professor constitutional law; Hon.
W. H. McChesney, LL. D. lecturer on wills; Judge William
McLaughlin, lecturer on pleading. Session begins
Sept. 1st. For catalogue apply to the principal,
address Professor C. A. Graves, Lexington, Va.
96 July 2—dtd sun wed fri

BELLEVUE HIGH SCHOOL,

BEDFORD CO., VIRGINIA.
ON N. & WEST N. R. 15 MILES WEST OF
Lynchburg. For boys and young men. Full
corps of teachers. Instruction thorough. Beau-
tiful and healthy location. Liberal provision for
comfort and improvement of pupils. Session opens
Sept. 1st. For catalogue or special information
address WILLIAM R. ABBOT, Principal, Bellevue
F. O. July 9—dtd sun wed fri

WASHINGTON AND LEE UNIVERSITY.

GENERAL G. W. C. LEE, PRESIDENT.
THOROUGH INSTRUCTION IN LANGUAGES,
Literature and Science, and in the professional
schools of Law and Engineering. Healthful loca-
tion. LL. D. Professor Vinton, LL. D. professor
for whole session, exclusive of books and clothes,
need not exceed \$25 to \$30. Session opens Septem-
ber 1st. For catalogue apply to the principal,
address WILLIAM R. ABBOT, Principal, Bellevue
F. O. July 9—dtd sun wed fri

DR. WARD'S SEMINARY,

CITY NEWS.

THE REGULAR RECORD OF CURRENT LOCAL EVENTS.

The Day's Doing in Public Places.—The Record of the Courts, the Railroads and Hotels—Capital Jottings—Real Estate Operations—Improvements—Gossip of all Kinds.

Watermelon trade is good. Yesterday was an off day at the justice courts.

Singing birds are growing in popularity in Atlanta.

The fruit stands are loaded down with nice fruit now.

Country produce was abundant on Peters street yesterday.

The plastering in the new court house has been completed in ten rooms.

A heavy shower about ten o'clock yesterday morning cooled the air materially.

The sign-painter is on the rampage, and all available space on fences is being utilized.

Ho! for Tallulah Falls! Thursday July 13th. Fare \$2.00.

Lorenzo Jones won the McKelden saddle horse night before last. He threw forty two.

One dog and his owner killed seventy-two rats on Jones street yesterday in about three hours.

There are no horses or mules on the market, and the demand for live stock was dull yesterday.

A mule with a broken leg excited a great deal of pity on West Peters street yesterday morning.

Watermelons from the country around about Atlanta are in the market in considerable quantities.

Captain Harry Jackson is using very fine and smooth Baltimore pressed brick in his new building on Alabama street.

Montevallo, Cahaba, Helena, Alabama, Coal Creek and Anthracite Coal, by car load and less, as low as can be bought from any dealer in this city. Sciple & Sons, 8 Loyd and 234 Marietta streets, Atlanta, Ga. It

A full stock of Lacroix's enamel colors and materials for China painting, also, Windsor and Newton oil and water colors, etc., at A. P. Tripod's, 13 South Broad street.

Montevallo mines will promise "no coal after July." So look out. If you want this famous coal, come now and give us your order, else you may get none like last year. Sciple & Sons.

Coal! Coal! Coal!—By car load and less at summer rates and summer freights. As low as the lowest. Come in and give us your order. You can't get any better coal or buy any cheaper from any one else. Sciple & Sons, 8 Loyd and 234 Marietta streets.

The Good Templars have engaged a special car to carry the delegates from Atlanta to Acworth to attend the meeting of the grand lodge, which meets on Tuesday week. Hon. William Markham, Colonel George N. Lester and Governor Colquitt will address the people.

Coal! Coal! Coal!—Go to Sciple & Sons, write to Sciple & Sons; send to Sciple & Sons for Montevallo, Cahaba and Helena, Alabama, and Coal Creek and Anthracite Coal, 8 Loyd and 234 Marietta streets.

The Young Men's Christian association will soon begin the publication of a monthly page paper, to be called the Young Men's Christian Association Bulletin. It will contain all matters of interest to the association and will be circulated among the members and patrons of the association.

NEWS ABOUT THE LADDIES.

Nine men make engine house No. 1 headquarters.

Foreman Hanev, of No. 1, is the youngest of Atlanta's three foremen.

Five men make their headquarters at Hook and Ladder house and four answer the tap of the bell.

One of the mules belonging to No. 1 is badly crippled, and will hardly be of any service to the city again.

Ol Hart, foreman of Hook and Ladder, still drives the wagon. He is the fastest and safest driver in the South.

It takes just ten seconds to get the Hook and Ladder truck out of the barn after the alarm has been given.

Engineer Baldwin, of No. 1, has been connected with the Atlanta fire department ever since he was eighteen years of age.

Ol Hart, L. C. Trippie, A. H. Smith, W. M. Watkins and W. J. Johnson are the paid men on the Hook and Ladder.

Frank Eubanks, who has been driving No. 1 engine for the past eleven years, still pulls the strings over the team that draws his old pet.

The Hook and Ladder horses are the best trained in Atlanta. At the tap of the bell they wheel into place beside the tongue and almost hook themselves to the truck.

POLICE COURT.

The police court was a tame affair yesterday morning. Judge Glenn presided, and with dispatch disposed of the following cases:

Francis Young paid \$3 for disorderly conduct and quarreling.

John Peers was assessed \$2 for being drunk on the streets. He paid the bill and went his way.

John Stewart was arraigned on several charges, but the evidence was insufficient to sustain the allegations, and he was dismissed.

Catharine Hall was fined \$3 for disorderly conduct, quarreling and using profane language, and her name was taken to the chain-gang book.

Mollie Raymer went up for a five for disorderly conduct and quarreling. In the absence of the wealth she will give the city ten days on the rock pile.

S. T. Stier, a white man, was set back \$25. He was charged with being drunk, with disorderly conduct and quarreling and resisting the officers. Officers Lynch and Justice and J. S. Wall, F. W. Fitts and William Withers sustained the charge, but an appeal has been taken.

BUILDING NOTES.

Mr. T. M. Bocker is building a pretty cottage on East Fair street.

Mrs. Schinler has just completed a beautiful two story frame building on the corner of Thompson and Garnett streets.

Mr. T. N. Hall, of Youngblood & Hall, is building a handsome two story brick at the corner of Houston and Ivy streets.

Mr. J. M. Noyes has just purchased a large vacant lot on Castleberry street, and will soon begin building three pretty four room cottages.

POLICE POINTS.

The police are on the watch for a murderer who is wanted in Denver, and who is making his way south.

Two thousand four hundred and sixteen city cases have been disposed of by the recorder this year.

Thomas Jones, charged with suspicion, was calabossed by Captain Couch and Officer Goodson yesterday morning.

Tub Race at Ponce de Leon.

This afternoon there will be a tub race in the pond at Ponce de Leon springs. There are six entries up to the present time.

Breaks a Leg.

Yesterday about one o'clock Bill McGuire, a dry driver, fell from his dry while it was in motion, on Mangum street. Two wheels passed over the knee, breaking it badly just below the knee. The dry was heavily loaded, and it is a wonder that the leg was not used in two.

Much Better and Still Improving.

Mrs. Press Morris, the lady who was so mysteriously and dangerously injured early Monday morning at her home on Howell street, is much better and gradually improving. Although a thorough investigation, on has been given the affair by the police, nothing has been discovered which tends to clear away the mystery.

Stealing from a Wash tub.
Just before the family arose yesterday morning, Polly Maxwell, a colored woman who resides near the barracks, was awakened by a noise in the kitchen, but at the time thought nothing of it. Later in the morning when she entered that part of her domicile, the noise was explained by the absence of all of the wearing apparel belonging to her family, which had been left in the wash tub Monday evening and placed in the kitchen.

A Baby in a Box.
Early yesterday morning, while some young boys were playing near the Grant park one of the member discovered a large starch box secreted in the bushes beside the road. The fact that the box was nailed up and was rather heavy excited the curiosity of the juvenile crowd and George Roberts, one of the number, to open it. Under the lid they discovered an old cloth, which they removed and found the body of a baby. The child was apparently about six days old and was white.

Thrown from a Buggy.
Late yesterday afternoon, while Mr. Thomas A. Murray, a Denatur street clerk, and a young lady were driving along beyond the cemetery, their horse became frightened and ran away. After a quarter of a mile near one wheel struck a stone, tilting the buggy so much that the lady was thrown out. Fortunately she was not injured by the fall and was brave enough to resume her seat in the buggy, when Mr. Murray stopped the horses flight.

An Editor's Eye Enucleated.
On Saturday last Dr. A. V. Hobbs was telegraphed to go to Cumming to excise Judge I. S. Clements' left eye in order to save the right. The judge, who is editor of the Clarion, was etherized and the operation completed in about six minutes. The doctor says that after about a month he can fit the judge with a glass eye that will make him a better looking man than ever. The judge has our best wishes that the sight of his remaining eye may improve rapidly and thus restore him to the useful position that he occupies as editor of the Clarion.

Stealing with a Ladder.
For some time past Mr. Hiram Harney and his family, who reside on King street, have been absent from the city, and their residence, with the doors securely locked, has been taken care of itself. Day before yesterday Mr. Harney returned home and upon entering his house found everything in great disorder. An examination of the doors and windows disclosed the fact that an entrance had been effected through a window in the second story, in the yard directly under this window was found a ladder, and it is thought it was by this means that the second story window was reached. Mr. Harney is unable at this time to tell the exact amount of his loss.

The Wrong Man.
Since Sunday last the Atlanta police have been on the quiver for John Griffin, a negro man who is wanted by the Griffin officials upon several warrants. About noon yesterday Captain Crim and Officer McWilliams came upon a man at the car shed answering the description of a "T" and after short conversation they decided to take him in and hold him till they could communicate with the Griffin officials. The darkey, who gave his name as John Sykes, protested against the arrest and claimed that he could prove his home to be in Athens. Finally the protestations grew so strong that the officers accompanied their charge to a gentleman who, he claimed, knew him well and by whose support of the darkey's story his release was secured.

A Razor Duel.
Sam Haskins and Charley Terrell, two colored individuals, fell out over a game of marbles yesterday morning on Green's Ferry avenue and finally came together. Haskins was armed with a razor, while his opponent wielded a large pocket knife, and with both weapons he was wounding Terrell. Haskins was badly marked about the face and shoulders while Terrell's cuts were about the breast and arms. Neither one was badly hurt, and but for the loss of blood no harm would have been sustained by either party. Terrell, who was the assailant party and is now aiding the police in a search for Haskins, who seems to have slipped out.

The Recent Primaries.
Some of the friends of Mr. Green T. Dodd are exercised over the fact that some parties scratched his name on the ticket for congressional delegates in the primary elections on last Saturday, and think that because this ticket was printed on the back of the gubernatorial ticket it was intentional. The tickets, we are informed, were printed in this way because the order of the executive committee required the two delegations to be voted for on one ticket, and the gubernatorial ticket had been printed before the fact was known that both tickets had to be voted together, and as a matter of economy, there being no opposition to either ticket, the tickets were so printed. We are satisfied there was no intention to do Mr. Dodd any wrong in this. That his name should be scratched is no reflection on his integrity, because everybody knows that Mr. Dodd has been undelivered in the discharge of his public duties, and he has always had the full confidence and esteem of the best citizens of Atlanta.

Destitute Travelers.
Among those who reached Atlanta yesterday by the Air Line train was a German family who were in destitute circumstances. They were en route to Alabama, where they have work awaiting them, and soon after their arrival here yesterday they made known their condition to one of Atlanta's charitable ladies, who instantly banded herself to supplying their wants. First she caused Mr. Durand, the car shed restaurant, to supply them with a good meal and then set about securing them transportation to their point of transportation. This she succeeded in doing by inducing the gentlemen who have charge of the surplus funds of July month to give \$25 with which to buy their railroad tickets and fill their lunch basket for the remainder of their journey. This same Atlanta lady has done many such acts of kindness. In fact nearly every day she may be seen at the car shed searching for some unfortunate, destitute person to whom she may extend a helping hand. If the world had more such occupants in would be better off.

THE BASE BALL GAME.
The Independents Tackle a Picked Nine and Come Off Victorious.

Yesterday afternoon quite a crowd gathered at the barracks to witness the game of ball between the Independent base ball club and a picked nine. The Independents were dressed in their uniforms and presented a good appearance upon the field. They were captained by Mr. Lester and played a good game with but few errors. Their opponents gave evidence of first-class material, but exhibited a lack of training. The game, after a two hours contest, in which many good plays were made, ended in favor of the Independents by a score of 10 to 7.

Mr. William Monroe, the umpire, called the game at 4:10. Mr. Wylie, the captain of the Independents, won the toss, and sent the Independents to the bat.

The seventh, eighth and ninth innings was the best playing of the evening. Both clubs came up in good style and were retired in one, two, three order.

Helping the Weak.
The card of Mrs. G. P. A. Spyers, acknowledging the payment of \$2,000 due her on the certificate of membership of her deceased

JAMES A. ANDERSON & Co.
FASHIONABLE
CLOTHIERS,
41 Whitehall Street.

WHITE VESTS,
ALPACA AND SICILIAN COATS,
SEER-SUCKER
—AND—
LINEN SUITS.
And all the COOL STYLES of
NECK AND UNDERWEAR
409 MAR 12-4th and 4th

husband in the Gate City lodge of Knights of Honor, speaks volumes in favor of that institution. Two thousand dollars insured to wife and children with the absolute certainty that it will be paid, is worth the attention of any man who has a heart for those whom he may have to leave behind him.

There are two lodges of this order in the city. Georgia lodge has a magnificent membership, and has Professor W. P. Stanton, superintendent of the public schools of Atlanta, for dictator. Gate City lodge has a full list of members, drawn from the best men in the city.

ATLANTA, July 5.—To Messrs. L. H. Clarke, R. G. Thompson and D. G. Wylie, trustees of Gate City lodge, No. 346, Knights of Honor—Gentlemen: I return to you and to the lodge my most grateful thanks for the payment of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) due on the certificate of my husband, George P. A. Spyer, in the Knights of Honor. Surely if men in health could appreciate the load of anxiety it removes from my widowed heart, they would each and all of them, for one noble order, for those dependent on them.

Again thanking the lodge and yourselves, I am gratefully yours, Mrs. MARY M. SPYER.

THE GRANT MEDALS.
The Georgia Statute Who Are to Receive Them—The Medals Described.

The medals for the Georgia members of the Grant brigade of 300 have arrived. The brigade it will be remembered voted solidly for General Grant in the Chicago convention of 1860. The Georgia members are only six in number, exclusive of Mr. S. A. Darnell, who was the second in command of the brigade. The medals are bronze, two and three-quarters of an inch in diameter and about three-sixteenths of an inch in thickness. One face of the medal bears the following inscription:

On this side is also the name of the owner of the medal.

On the reverse side is an inscription showing the number of ballots and the votes cast respectively up to the thirty-sixth, whilst in the center is a medallion likeness of General Grant.

The Georgia members who are entitled to the medals are Louis B. Toomer, a clerk in the Savannah post-office; Floyd Shelton, of the first district, who has no office; Elbert Head, of the second district, who has no office; Jack Brown, also of the third, former collector of internal revenue; John Few, of the second, formerly a railway mail route agent and perhaps one now; B. F. Brimbery, ex-deputy collector of internal revenue and a citizen of the second district.

Mr. Darnell did not vote for Grant until along toward the last of the balloting. And it is not known whether he will get a medal or not.

LAST OF THE SMALL-POX.
Closing up the Whole Business—The Number of Cases That Have Occurred.

Yesterday a CONSTITUTION reporter accompanied Dr. Baird, of the board of health, on a visit to the now nearly deserted quarantine camp, where Dr. Harris was called out and some facts as to the closing up of the small-pox season were secured. There is now only one patient in the hospital, and his case did not originate in the city. His name is Tom Jones, and he will be well by the end of the week. There are five persons under quarantine, but they will be released soon, so that by next week the camp and the hospital will be deserted and Dr. Harris will return to the city. There have been to date, since the third of April, from all sources, 112 cases, 45 of which have died. This includes five cases that occurred in the city and were allowed to remain here under close quarantine. Dr. Harris and his assistants are about ready to take down the tents and get everything in shape for leaving it. The small-pox has cost the city, first and last, about eight thousand dollars, which is five thousand less than the appropriation. This is quite a sum for one small city, but, in fact, the great loss was occasioned by a stoppage of business during the season of needless alarm. But for several weeks now things have been moving in their old grooves and everything is serene. The vaccinators have ended their work and Inspectors Veal and King have returned to their old work. So ends the small-pox scare.

IS HE GUILTY?
An Old Woman Who Claims That Her Son Is Wrongly

Yesterday a CONSTITUTION reporter was sitting in the office of the principal keeper of the penitentiary when an old negro woman entered and made some inquiries as to where a letter would reach her son, who is in the penitentiary. Captain Nelson gave the desired information and added:

"Your son will be released in a few months now on account of his good conduct while in the charge."

"Thank God for that," said the old woman fervently. "He will be only twenty-three years old when he comes out and I can still make a man of him. Toy Hunt on his dying bed said that he stole that watch and that my boy ought to be turned loose."

"When did he say so?" asked the reporter.

"Two years ago when he was on his dying bed. He said that my Jesse

SPECIAL LOW PRICES TO-DAY

IN

JOHN RYAN'S

SHOE DEPARTMENT.

Having determined to inaugurate a grand sale of Shoes, beginning this morning at 7 o'clock I have made tremendous

REDUCTIONS

in my Shoes. Will sell them at prices that will astonish all Shoe dealers.

12000 pairs Ladies' Newport Ties and Button Opera Slippers from 75 cents up.

1500 pairs Men's Congress Gaiters from \$1.00 up.

800 pairs Child's High Cut Slippers at \$1.

1000 pairs Ladies' Kid Button Shoe at \$2—equal to any \$3.00 Shoe sold elsewhere.

5 LARGE BARGAIN COUNTERS.

At 75 cents, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.00—goods on these Counters worth double the price.

Call early for the bargains at

JOHN RYAN'S

swapped him a one-handed watch for a gold watch that he stole, and they arrested Jesse and put him in the chain gang for five years.

"How do you know that Toy Hunt said so?"

"Wasn't I there and heard him say it?"

"How came you to be there?"

"My sister lived in the adjoining room and I went there to see her."

"How came Toy to say what he did?"

"The Lord made him say it! He said he was dying and he did not want any sin to be on his soul. He said that God had forgiven his sins and that he stole the watch. I tell you, man, God will make you say anything if he has got your heart. Don't you know it?"

"What is your son's name?"

"Jesse Webb. My name is Mary Smith and I live on McDaniel street in this town and I have been married twice and my mother she was born in Africa and they brought her to this country when she was three months old and sold her for one dollar and none of us children was ever sold and we belonged to Johnnie Barnes in DeKalb county and he'll tell you the same."

"What was your mother's name?"

"Barnes and she is 95 years old and lives in DeKalb county; she's er livin' yet," and the old lady emphasized her remarks by pounding the floor with a faded umbrella. The old woman was neatly dressed, and with her clean clothes and big white apron suggested thoughts of the old plantation cooks.

"Did you ever hear his story from his own lips?"

"No, sir. He came up here from DeKalb county to stay a while with his family and never saw me but once more and that was when they had him here in Atlanta taking him away in chains. I did not get to speak to him."

"Why don't you try to get him out?"

"I don't know how. I can't spend any money on it and I am going to wait until he comes out. It is not long now."

With that the old woman disappeared down the hall.

THE ORPHANS HOME.

A Talk with Rev. Sam Jones as to What is Being Done.

Rev. S. P. Jones, agent of the Methodist Orphans Home of the North Georgia conference, was in the city yesterday. A CONSTITUTION reporter met him and asked him what progress he was meeting with in the work which he has in hand. He replied:

"The home is successfully doing a great work. It is, under the new plan, nothing more nor less than an orphan asylum. We find all the needy orphans and secure good homes for them. We will probably find homes for more than fifty orphans this year. I advertise in the papers and have announcements made in churches, that all persons who know of any needy orphans will do us a favor by notifying me at Cartersville. Our present plan is a new one, but it is proving a most successful one."

"What kinds of children do you find are most sought for?"

"Little girls from six to ten and little boys from ten to fourteen. The boys of those ages are generally wanted for the service they can render. The girls are wanted for company and reporter met him and asked him what progress he was meeting with in the work which he has in hand. He replied:

"The home is successfully doing a great work. It is, under the new plan, nothing more nor less than an orphan asylum. We find all the needy orphans and secure good homes for them. We will probably find homes for more than fifty orphans this year. I advertise in the papers and have announcements made in churches, that all persons who know of any needy orphans will do us a favor by notifying me at Cartersville. Our present plan is a new one, but it is proving a most successful one."

"Do you take any sort of children?"

"We take needy children, regardless of the misfortunes or sins of their parents. We are trying to do a good to this unfortunate part of the human family, and where must we draw the line in doing this kindness to a helpless human being? We always tell a man who wants to adopt a child or take him exactly where the child comes from, and what he is, and in disposing of the little fellows I am as careful as I would be about providing for my own children. Our aim is to benefit the orphans. There are some fearful tales of the suffering of these children, and true stories, too. Only

SWEET POTATOES.

Some Facts and Figures on the Subject—An Interview with Colonel Newman.

Yesterday a CONSTITUTION reporter met Mr. Joseph M. Brown, general freight agent of the Western and Atlantic railroad, and said:

"Mr. Brown, I believe several lines, of which yours is one, propose to haul sweet potatoes as class 'D.' Tell me something about it."

"The rate," said Mr. Brown, "is for local freight, and reduces the price nearly one-half. Where, for instance, you have been accustomed to paying \$100 you can now ship for \$50, or in that proportion."

"Have you not arranged a through freight rate?"

"Not yet. We are in correspondence and I think in two weeks we will have rates made to western cities that will be so exceedingly low that people will be able to ship potatoes with profit."

"What gentlemen are interested with you in the movement?"

"Mr. E. R. Dorsey, of the Georgia road; S. B. Dickens, of the South Carolina road; G. A. Whitehead, of the Central railroad; James S. Taylor, of the Savannah, Florida and Western; A. J. Orme, of the West Point; E. P. Wilson, of the Cincinnati Southern; George R. Knox, of the Memphis, Chattanooga and St. Louis, and J. M. Cook, of the Louisville and Nashville."

"Will you not try to make a rate to the east?"

"No, I suppose not. Potatoes for New York can go cheaper by steamer. In the great northwest they cannot be raised and are very popular, so we propose to put the rate so low that the potatoes will be in reach of the westerners."

COLONEL NEWMAN SAYS SOMETHING.

A CONSTITUTION reporter talked to Colonel J. S. Newman, of the department of agriculture, on the potato subject. He said:

"I suppose there are about fourteen million bushels of potatoes raised in Georgia. Every country in the state raises them, but of course most of them are raised in the southern part of the state. About one hundred and fifty bushels per acre can be raised as an average. My idea about the solution of the potato problem is this. They should be evaporated and then packed away. They could be shipped to any part of the country at a slight expense and would be in every way as good as when they were first gathered. The United States buys evaporated apples and Irish potatoes for the army and navy, and I don't see why we can't dry sweet potatoes for the same purpose. The people have never realized what a boon evaporators are. They will save vast amounts of fruit and vegetables. A gentleman named Pete, from Ohio, is coming here next fall to set up an evaporating establishment. He will evaporate okra, tomatoes, corn, etc. All these

things and more too can be evaporated and made as good as apples are. Take potatoes for instance. A sweet potato is 85 per cent water. Evaporate it and there is a sweet weight of 85 pounds out of every hundred, and that gives a margin for shipping long distances. When the potato gets to Chicago it can be put into water and very soon is itself again. But to ship by freight as it now is is a dead loss. Mr. J. M. C. Reed shipped a large crop of potatoes to St. Louis and lost not only his potatoes but \$25 in cash by this speculation."

"Will it pay to evaporate them?"

"Of course, evaporators will evaporate from ten to a hundred bushels every day at a very light expense."

"When will the crop be gathered, and how large will it be?"

"The crop will be gathered in October and November—as soon as the frost kills the vines. The reports show a general average of nine per cent. above the usual average—for the condition at present—middle Georgia is twelve per cent. above an average; north Georgia is one per cent. below, southwest Georgia is twelve per cent. above, and east Georgia is thirteen per cent. above, and in other sections fourteen. Potatoes form a great crop. When J. R. Sneed was editing the Macon Telegraph, he said that a man should consider well before he left Georgia for the west; that it was a bad idea to leave a country that produced sweet potatoes and old field peas."

CHEAP COAL.
The New Roads Already Making Their Impress—What an Atlanta Dealer Says on the Subject.

Learning that domestic coal is being offered in this market at unusually low prices, a reporter of the CONSTITUTION called on the warehouse of one of our leading dealers, when the following conversation occurred:

Reporter—"Mr. Kimball, I am informed that domestic coal is being offered in Atlanta at low rates. What are the facts?"

Mr. K.—"Your information is correct. 'Is this owing to reduction in freight or price at mines?'"

"It is the reduction in freight due to the opening of new roads."

"No, sir; it has been mined for several years. Not a pound of it has been mined for several years. There is a very fair coal mined at Helena, Ala., sometimes called Cahaba, but it is far inferior to the real Cahaba, in fact, not equal to Coal Creek. The Montevallo is the only domestic coal yet found in Alabama superior to the East Tennessee coal. All others are decidedly inferior grades."

"What grades are mostly sold in Atlanta?"

"The Cahaba mines were abandoned long ago. Not a pound of it has been mined for several years. There is a very fair coal mined at Helena, Ala., sometimes called Cahaba, but it is

A practical test made by Bramblett & Bro., Forsyth, shows that
CHERRY'S FRUIT EVAPORATOR
does twice as much work for money invested as any other machine on the market. Write McBride & Co. for proof.
Jan 15-17 top 1st col sp

HOLMAN
COFFIN,
& CO.
BOOKSELLERS
AND
STATIONERS,
26 Marietta street.
Feb 15-17 top 1st col sp

The Only WATCH FACTORY
IN THE SOUTH.
Patrons a Home Industry.
Save the mid-
dleman's profits,
and buy directly from
The MANUFACTURER.
Send for Illustrated Price List.
J. P. STEVENS & CO.
34 WHITEHALL ST. ATLANTA, GA.

COTTON AND WEATHER.
Cotton, middling uplands closed in Liverpool
yesterday, at 7; in New York, at 13; in Atlanta,
at 12.

Daily Weather Report.
OBSERVER'S OFFICE, ST. LOUIS, U. S. A.
KIMBALL HOUSE, July 10, 1931, P. M.
All observations taken at the same moment of
time at each place named.

NAME OF STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Wind.	Direction.	Force.	Relative Humidity.	Weather.
Atlanta.	30.04	70	W.	Genl.	00	Cloudy.	
Augusta.	30.04	70	W.	Genl.	00	Clear.	
Gainesville.	30.04	70	W.	Genl.	00	Clear.	
Indianapolis.	30.04	70	W.	Genl.	00	Clear.	
Key West.	30.04	70	W.	Genl.	00	Clear.	
Mobile.	30.04	70	W.	Genl.	00	Clear.	
Montgomery.	30.04	70	W.	Genl.	00	Clear.	
New Orleans.	30.04	70	W.	Genl.	00	Clear.	
Pensacola.	30.04	70	W.	Genl.	00	Clear.	
Puerto Rico.	30.04	70	W.	Genl.	00	Clear.	
Savannah.	30.04	70	W.	Genl.	00	Clear.	

Time of Observation.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Wind.	Direction.	Force.	Relative Humidity.	Weather.
6:30 A. M.	30.07	71	W.	Fresh.	00	Cloudy.	
10:30 " "	30.06	71	S. W.	Fresh.	00	Clear.	
2:30 P. M.	30.04	71	S. W.	Fresh.	00	Clear.	
6:30 " "	30.04	71	S. W.	Fresh.	00	Clear.	
10:30 " "	30.04	71	S. W.	Fresh.	00	Clear.	

Observations taken at 5 P. M.—Local time.	Max.	Min.	Kat.	Temp.	Fall.
Atlanta District.	89	75	07		
Atlanta.	89	75	07		
Spartanburg.	93	70	01		
Toccoa.	97	71	00		
Gainesville.	91	71	00		
Dalton.	91	71	00		
Calhoun.	90	70	00		
Cartersville.	90	71	00		
West Point.	90	71	00		
Newman.	90	71	00		
Griffin.	89	71	00		

DISTRICTS.	AVERAGE.	Max.	Min.	Kat.	Temp.	Fall.
1 Wilmington.	95	72	04			
2 Charleston.	95	72	02			
3 Augusta.	95	72	02			
4 Savannah.	92	72	25			
5 Atlanta.	95	72	02			
6 Montgomery.	95	72	02			
7 Mobile.	98	74	06			
8 New Orleans.	98	74	06			
9 Galveston.	98	74	06			
10 Vicksburg.	98	72	00			
11 Little Rock.	98	72	00			
12 Memphis.	98	72	00			
13 St. Louis.	98	72	00			

GO AND SEE
PICKERT'S JEWELRY BOOM!
Which was only started a few days ago, has already
brought good results. His new designs in
Jewelry, Necklaces, Lockets and Bracelets, has
at No. 5 Whitehall street, is crowded every day,
and the sales force up to Mr. Pickert's entire satisfaction,
which compelled him to order a new stock of
goods that will be open on Monday. If you are in
want of a solid gold ring, set of
JEWELRY, NECKLACE AND LOCKET,
or a pair of Bracelets, do not fail to call early and
get first choice. He has also received designs in
Necklaces, Lockets and Bracelets. He has also
received a large stock of the celebrated Rogers
Britania Co. gold and silver plated ware, which
will also be open on Monday. The 1847 Rogers
Bro's Spoons, Forks and Knives, are the only Rogers
Bro's goods which made the world wide reputation,
and are now manufactured by the Meriden
Britania Co. and for sale at my store. Be not induced
to buy others not stamped 1847. Rogers Bros. A. L.

A. F. PICKERT,
NO. 5 WHITEHALL STREET.
P. R.—A full line of the finest imported Spectacles
and Eye-Glasses can also be found at my place,
which I guarantee to give satisfaction for five years.
May 28 did—1st col sp

WATCHES,
JEWELRY.
FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW,
31 Whitehall Street.
We are prepared to do all the most difficult
WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING
IN FIRST-CLASS STYLE.
Feb 15-17 top 1st col sp

Tallahassee Falls Illuminated.
We have been informed that the railroad author-
ities will illuminate the Falls on Thursday night,
the 15th, and will give a grand display of fireworks
for the benefit of the excursionists who leave here
on the morning of the 15th. Let every one who goes
on, as the road has now been completed and is in
perfect order to within 1,000 feet of the falls. The
committee promises that the best of good order
will be preserved. Fare \$2.00.
The first excursion to Tallahassee Falls will positively
leave about 7 A. M., on Thursday morning, July
15th. Fare \$2.00.
The Glen Mary Red Ash is as good coal as Monte-
vally, and we sell it at \$1.25 per ton cheaper. W. S.
Wilson & Bro.
The new firm of B. F. Wyle & Co. recognized a
fact that business men would not afford to be with-
out a good watch, and have had one put in. Their
address is No. 243. Success to the new firm.

JUST PUBLISHED
BRIGHT DAYS
—IN THE
OLD PLANTATION TIME.
—BY
MARY ROSS BANKS.
(Giffin, Ga.)
A Charmingly written book.
FOR SALE BY PHILLIPS & CREW.
Price, \$1.50. Liberal discount to the trade.
July 15-17 top 2d col sp

PERSONAL.
Mr. W. Woods White has gone to Rome to spend a
week.
Mrs. L. D. Whitson, of Stone Mountain, has gone to
Kentucky to be gone two weeks.
Lee Smith has returned from a flying trip to Den-
ver, Col., and is a guest at the Markham.
Mr. J. A. Miller, the Lloyd street livery man, re-
turned yesterday from a pleasant visit to Kentucky.
Miss Nellie Bridges and Miss Lila Slower, two of
the most charming and fascinating young ladies of
Athens, Tenn., who have spent a most pleasant
time in the city, will leave for their home to-day.

Special Notice to the Public.
We beg to remind you of our sale of the beautiful
and valuable Peachtree street property known as
"Rosedale," consisting of a fine 9-room dwelling,
with every convenience in and around it, and
ninety acres of valuable land divided into seven
large lots, varying in size from six to fifteen
acres, each of which is a choice building site.
Which will nearly pay for the land, as the timber is
thick and heavy. The property is not only very
pretty and desirable for suburban homes, but is
very attractive and safe as investments, because it
is only about one mile in a direct line from
the city limits, and is a front of 2.75 feet on
Peachtree, the most fashionable and beautiful re-
sidence avenue of Atlanta, on which elegant man-
sions are going up and extending out so fast, that
they will soon reach out to the many hands.
Building sites on Rosedale, and surely double, per-
haps quadruple, their value. Choose your lot, and
sit on Peachtree, within a mile of Rosedale, and
now worth \$1,000 to \$1,500 per acre, and when the
large line is extended a mile, it will be this
fine property will jump right up to fancy prices.
Every foot of the property will be sold, and all who
wish to secure nice homes on Peachtree, or want
profitable investments should be on hand, but
whether you buy or not, we would be glad to have
you with us and enjoy two or three hours of
pleasant recreation in the shady grove.
Conveyances will start from the National hotel at
precisely half past three o'clock. Please be in good
time. We cannot wait. Ample accommodation
will be provided for all who wish to go; also plenty
of food, lemonade and cigars. We think
you will enjoy the trip and the recreation, and we
hope to have you company.

Very respectfully,
FRIERSON & LEAK,
Real Estate Agents, 33 Marietta St.

The Colored Methodist Episcopal Church in America.
This is the church that was set up just after the
war by the M. E. church south. The church mem-
bers, so to speak, are the members that adhered to
the M. E. church south and all the political and
sectional hatred that was heaped upon that church
and the people of the south generally by political
and ecclesiastical enemies that swarmed all over
the land. The majority of the negro members of
the church south, as might have been expected
to do, went to the extreme of secession, and
organized from the north. Notwithstanding all
these influences, quite a number clung to their
former associations, and their growth all things
considered, has been remarkable. They now claim
a membership of 200,000 in the southern states.
They allow no one but colored people to join their
church, and are strictly non-political. Wherever
they have had a church their influence has been
most decidedly conservative between the two races.
They have in this city a disorganized membership
of from one to two hundred—disorganized for the
want of a house of worship. Will not the people of
Atlanta assist these worthy people to build them a
house in which they may worship the true and
living God? They are willing to do what they can,
but in the nature of the case they cannot do much,
as they are few in number at present and poor be-
cause of the war.

The following gentlemen have been appointed as
a committee to solicit funds from the white people
of Atlanta, and see that whatever is contributed
shall be properly applied: Rev. W. C. Dunlap, Chair-
man; or Committee: W. A. Haygood, Secretary; J. G.
Carmichael, B. B. Crew, Charles J. K. J. K.
Thrower, H. G. J. Orr, J. C. Hendrix, W. D. Payne.

Glen Mary Coal lights easy, burns up clean and
is free from slate and other impurities, makes very
few ashes. W. S. Wilson & Bro.
ATLANTA, GA., 11th July 1882.—\$1,000—Received
of Amos Fox, Treasurer of Atlanta Board of
Royal Arcanum, three thousand dollars, being
amount in full of the insurance upon the life of
my late son, Arthur S. Fox, who died June 1,
1882. Please accept my thanks for the promptness
with which payment has been made.
SARAH A. EISWALD.

An Important Circular.
We call attention to the circular in general man-
agement from Mr. T. M. Talcott, general manager of
the Richmond and Danville system of railroads,
calling upon all persons along the lines of the
railroads at the New England Manufacturers and
Mechanics Institute in Boston, Mass. on the 6th
and 7th of September next. It will be a grand opportunity
to display the valuable mines with all kinds of tim-
ber, and splendid water powers directly to the at-
tention of leading capitalists in the United States.
We hope an extensive display will be made. The
details of this exhibition will be in charge of Cap-
tain C. C. Mehl, who was in charge of the exhibi-
tion by this road at the Atlanta cotton exposition.

Buy the Glen Mary Coal from W. S. Wilson & Bro.
It is good as Montevally and you can buy it
at a cents per bushel cheaper.

DEAR CONSTITUTIONS—Permit me through your
valuable columns to make a suggestion in regard to
a fact that will be established in Atlanta sometime
in the near future, and that is the location of the
cotton. The city hall is entirely too small for
such an enterprise, and the question arises, where
will we get a larger one and be convenient to the
center of the city? As I am a relative coun-
cilman, I would therefore suggest the block of nine-
teen hundred and one on the east by West, each side
south by Pine, west by Orme and north by Cox
street, and known as Hunslett hill, one of the
most commodious places in the city, and it ap-
pears to have been preserved for that purpose,
suited in every particular; the land seems to invite
improvement such as will be put upon the capital
site.

Where is a larger or better place?
Very respectfully,
AN OLD CITIZEN.
Marbelized Iron Mantels
for sale by Stewart & Smith,
69 Whitehall street, Atlanta,
Ga.
July 11 dtw

CITY NEWS.
"Rosedale," the beautiful valuable property,
3 miles on Peachtree street, to be sold at half past 3
o'clock, consists of a fine 9-room dwelling with
every convenience, in and around it, and ninety
acres of valuable land, divided into seven lots, on
each of which is a choice building site, open land,
wood land and spring and creek water. Food, lemon-
ade and cigars will be served in the shady
lawn, and all will enjoy the pleasant trip and re-
creation. Conveyances for all who wish to go will
leave the National hotel at 3:30 sharp. Please be
in time as we cannot wait. Frierison & Leak.
July 12-14

CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.
H. W. GOODS
A beautiful line of SILKS in all grades, NOVELTIES in GRENADINES and DRESS GOODS. A full assortment of BLACK GOODS.
NEW STYLES in Wash Goods and French Organdies JUST OPENED
SHIRTS! SHOES! SHOES!
In this department we find in taking stock a large number of Fine Shoes, Best Shapes of all kinds in Old Low, which we have MARKED DOWN to a
price which will insure their sale. All we ask is an examination of these goods.
CARPETS! A large and full assortment in CARPETS, MATTINGS, OIL CLOTHS, RUBBER MATS, SHADES, etc.
AGENTS FOR BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS.
CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.
A Most Remarkable Adventure.
There were three of us—Jolly good fellows—Walter
B. Henry T., and myself—and we had penet-
rated the wildest and most rugged portion of upper
Georgia.
For two nights we had camped out near Bullet
Point and lay in wait, without the least sleep, for
a bunch of sheep or a pack of fire, hoping that a deer
would come down to browse among the green turfs
or to cool itself in the river water, with rapid fire
we would have killed it. Now the third night was closing around and yet
not the faintest indication of a deer had we seen or
heard.
"Third time out," said Walter as he wrapped him-
self up in his blanket and leaned back against a
straw pack containing his gun, "if we fail to get a shot to-
night I propose to pull stakes and move in the
morning. It is awful monotonous."
"Agreed," said Henry and I, and following
Walter's example we rolled ourselves up in our
blankets, laid our guns across our knees and be-
lieved ourselves prepared for a night of watch-
ing.
For a long time we waited and sat as silent as the
grave; not a breath of wind stirred the leaves round
us, no voice of beast or bird; in the utter silence
we were lulled, for the faintest sound would
have been enough to startle us. Suddenly a sharp
rustle starting at every breaking twig we waited
tense minutes, hugging our thoughts for comfort.
We were in the middle of the night, and the moon
was shining at a brilliant angle. A faint light
came from a brief dose and settling myself for an-
other nap. A faint ray of moonlight struggled
through the opening in the tent, and I saw a
deer standing in the middle of the clearing, and
said I saw Walter and Henry with upturned
faces and heads leaned back against the mossy
trunks of the trees. I saw the bushes stir and
the deer was in the middle of the clearing, and
I began to undress. I saw the bushes stir and
the deer was in the middle of the clearing, and
I began to undress. I saw the bushes stir and
the deer was in the middle of the clearing, and
I began to undress.

POINTS OF ADVANTAGE IN OUR
STOCK OF SPRING CLOTHING!
FRESH GOODS!
NOBBY STYLES!
ELEGANT DESIGNS!
LARGE STOCK!
LOW PRICES!
SUPERIOR WORKMANSHIP!
THE LATEST NOVELTIES IN FURNISHING GOODS
HIRSCH BROS.
CLOTHIERS AND TAILORS,
42 AND 44 WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GA.
Mar 15-17 top 1st col sp

D. H. DOUGHERTY
Mr. C. P. Depter, my resident
buyer, and Mr. Joseph E. Mur-
phy, are both in market, I am
receiving large shipments of
goods from them every day, and
I am getting in many lines of
goods, bought at about half of
former prices, and I will offer
some grand bargains this week
from every department of my
house. You will lose nothing
to call.

D. H. DOUGHERTY
Just received an immense
stock of figured lawns cheaper
than ever.

D. H. DOUGHERTY
New Fans. Handsome and
cheap.

D. H. DOUGHERTY
My patent back white dress
shirt has no equal at one dol-
lar.

D. H. DOUGHERTY
Buying low and selling for
cash is what built my large
trade.

D. H. DOUGHERTY
I am determined to sell goods
if I have to give them away.

D. H. DOUGHERTY
Still new goods pour in,
bought by Mr. Murphy, who is
in market, and most of them are
so cheap that I am positively
ashamed to price them.

D. H. DOUGHERTY
When I beg you to call and
see the bargains that I am sell-
ing, I am only talking to your
interest.

D. H. DOUGHERTY
Another case of those hand-
some and cheap white lawns re-
ceived.

D. H. DOUGHERTY
My entire house will be illu-
minated with grand and start-
ling bargains Monday morning.
Many lines of goods are bought
so that I can sell them at about
half of former prices.

D. H. DOUGHERTY
Don't miss this opportunity.
I have the goods to prove what
I claim.

D. H. DOUGHERTY
Marbelized Iron Mantels
for sale by Stewart & Smith,
69 Whitehall street, Atlanta,
Ga.
July 11 dtw

DISCOUNT NOTICE.
THE FIRM OF WATKINS & HOLLIDAY IS
THIS DAY dissolved by mutual consent.
The commission business will be continued by J. C.
Watkins, who is authorized to receive all money
due and pay all claims against said firm. We re-
turn thanks to the public for their liberal patron-
age.
J. C. WATKINS,
A. L. HOLLIDAY.

IN RETIRING FROM THE FIRM, IT IS PROPER
to state that my connection with it has been al-
together pleasant, and the health of my family alone
prompts this course. I therefore cheerfully recom-
mend J. C. Watkins as a reliable commission mer-
chant.
Atlanta, Ga., July 10th, 1882.
J. C. WATKINS,
A. L. HOLLIDAY.

Isabella Garrison vs. James B. Garrison—Libel for
Divorce in the Superior Court of Fulton
County, Georgia.
Defendant in the above case is a non-resident of
this State. It is ordered by the court that the said
defendant appear and answer in said case on the
first Monday after the fourth Monday in September
next, and that he be served with notice of said or-
der by a publication of this order once a month
for four months in The Atlanta Constitution, a pub-
lic gazette of this State. May 21, 1882.
GEORGE HILLERY, Judge.
W. L. CALHOUN, Atty for Plaintiff.
June 2-11am—June 2-11am 2nd 2nd 2nd

B. G. LOCKETT & CO.,
Manufacturers of Chattahoochee
RIVER BRICK.
Oiled, hand pressed and ordinary
rough pressed brick now on hand and for sale
in quantities to suit the purchaser. We request
interested to see our brick before purchasing. Office
No. 22 South Broad, up stairs. Tel. 312-25

Marbelized Iron Mantels
for sale by Stewart & Smith,
69 Whitehall street, Atlanta,
Ga.
July 11 dtw
WANTED. WANTED.
All the nice, bright peaches
dried in Georgia this season.
We will give the highest mar-
ket price. Correspond with us
before selling.
MICKLEBERRY & WHITLOCK.
404-31 24 Alabama street.

Marbelized Iron Mantels
for sale by Stewart & Smith,
69 Whitehall street, Atlanta,
Ga.
July 11 dtw

COAL BARGAINS.
J. C. Bridger is now prepared
to offer you special prices in
Montevally and Anthracite Red
Ash coal of all sizes. 22 South
Broad street. July 9 dtw

Marbelized Iron Mantels
for sale by Stewart & Smith,
69 Whitehall street, Atlanta,
Ga.
July 11 dtw

ANTHRACITE COAL.
I have a large cargo to arrive
soon, which I will sell at aston-
ishingly low figures. Red Ash,
Egg, Stove and Nut sizes. Call
on or write to J. C. Bridger, 22
South Broad street. July 9 dtw

Marbelized Iron Mantels
for sale by Stewart & Smith,
69 Whitehall street, Atlanta,
Ga.
July 11 dtw

WELL'S HEALTH RESTORATIVE
"Well's Health Restorative" restores health and vigor
cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Neuralgia, Debility, \$1
Depot Lander, Rankine Lander, Atlanta.

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JOHN KEELY
Has too many
LINEN GOODS
in Stock!
PRICES REDUCED
TO CLOSE THEM OUT!

In each of the Bankrupt
Stocks recently purchased by
me, there were "Linen Goods!"
They have accumulated!
They Must Go!
Price no Object!
BARGAINS,
BARGAINS,
BARGAINS.

Double-width Table Linen,
20c yard, reduced from 35c.
Better grade Table Linen,
full width, 30c yard, reduced
from 50c.
Elegant quality Table Linen,
45c yard, reduced from 75c.
Excellent grade Table Linen,
50c yard, reduced from 85c.
Good fine Table Linen, 60c
yard, reduced from 90c.
Beautiful grades Table Linens
75c and 85c, reduced from \$1.25.
2 pieces best Cream Damask,
imported, 85c yard, reduced
from \$1.25 yard.
20 pieces Turkey Red Da-
mask, 35c yard, reduced from
65 cents.

THEY MUST GO!
Towels, Napkins and Doylies,
same proportion.
ALSO, BARGAINS IN
BED SPREADS!

150 Bed Spreads, 10-4 square,
75c each, worth \$1.25.
200 Bed Spreads, slightly
soiled, \$1 each, worth \$1.75.
100 pieces choice Gingham
at 7c, 8c and 10c, just reduced
from 10, 12½ and 15c, to close
out!
5000 yards White Pique, ex-
cellent quality, 5c yard, at

JOHN KEELY'S
CREAM BEAUTIFIER
A Skin of Beauty is a Joy Forever.
DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S
ORIENTAL CREAM
—OR—
MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER
PURIFIES as well as REVITALIZES THE SKIN.

Removes Tan,
Pimples, Freck-
les, etc., etc.
Patches and
very blemish-
ed skin. It
restores the
natural color
of the skin
and makes it
soft and
smooth. It
is a perfect
preparation
for the face
and is pro-
prietor's
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